



EXPANSION MODULE MODBUS - CANOPEN

MCM260

Manuale User manual

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1 INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing a Pixsys instrument. MCM260 are digital expansion modules for PLC; communication with other devices is provided by Modbus or CANopen protocol.

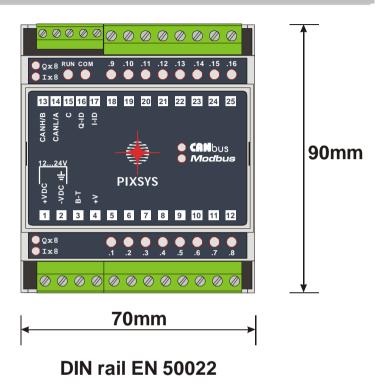
MCM260 series includes 5 models as described in the table below.

1.1 Model identification			
MCM260-	Ø		
Power supply	1AD	1224Vdc ±15%	
Inputs / Outputs		16 Static outputs 24Vdc 700mA MAX	
Power supply	2AD	1224Vac/dc ±15% 50/60Hz	
Inputs / Outputs		16 Digital inputs PNP 24Vdc	
		2 Analog inputs 010V	
Power supply	3AD	1224Vdc ±15%	
Inputs / Outputs		8 Digital inputs PNP 24Vdc	
		8 Static outputs 24Vdc 700mA MAX	
Power supply	4AD	1224Vac/dc ±15%	
Inputs / Outputs		8 Digital inputs PNP 24Vdc	
		8 relay outputs 5A-250V~ resistive load	
Power supply	5AD	1224Vac/dc ±15%	
Inputs / Outputs		4 Analog inputs	
		2 Analog outputs (010V or 420mA)	

2 CHARACTERISTICS

General characteristics					
Or	perating conditions	0-40°C - humidity 3595uR%			
	Material	Noryl UL 94 V-0			
	Weight				
	Box	4 DIN rail modules			
		70x90mm(frontal)x53mm			
	Sealing	IP30 box			
Hardware	e characteristics				
Inputs	MCM260-2AD, MC	CM260-3AD, MCM260-4AD			
	Digital inputs PN	IP 24Vdc			
	MCM260-5AD		Tolerance (25°C)		
	Inputs Configurabl	e via software.	0.2% ±1 unit		
	-	type K,S,R,J; automatic			
		old junction from 0°C to 50°C.			
		e: PT100, PT500, PT1000,			
	NI100, PTC1K, NT	,			
		20 or 4-20mA, 0-40mV			
Outputs	Potentiometers: 6				
Outputs	Static outputs: 24\				
		ive 700mA, max consumption	4 5Δ		
	MCM260-4AD	ive reem t, max consumption	4.0/ (
		5A-250V~ resistive load			
	MCM260-5AD				
	2 linear 0-10V or 4	-20mA			
	0-10V: resolution 7	7680 points.			
4-20mA: resolution 6500 points					
Software	characteristics				
Commi	unication protocols	Modbus RTU / CANopen			

2.1 Mechanical dimensions and installation

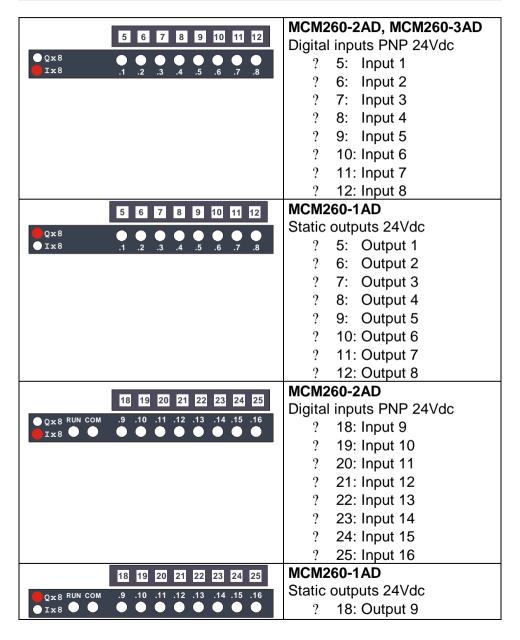


2.2 Electrical connections

2.2.1 MCM260-1/2/3AD

1 +VDC 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Power supply 1224Vdc (Vac for MCM260-2AD) ±15% ? 1: +Vdc ? 2: -Vdc
ш в-т	This pin allows to switch on logic part of device only. If +Vdc is connected to pin 3 and not to pin1, outputs won't be active.
	Common pin for digital inputs 1224Vdc

V+ 44



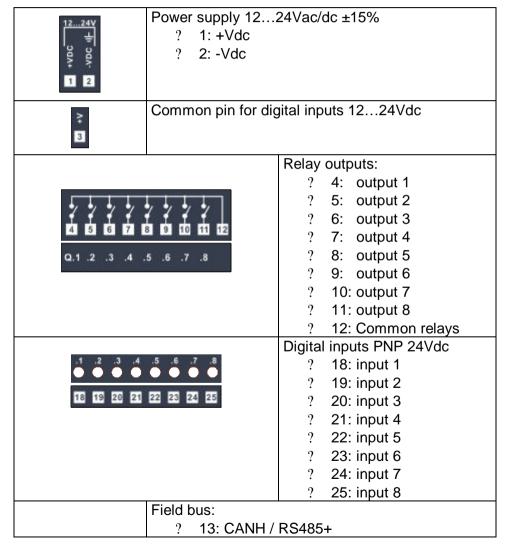
	? 19: Output 10
	? 20: Output 11
	? 21: Output 12
	? 22: Output 13
	? 23: Output 14
	? 24: Output 15
	? 25: Output 16
	MCM260-3AD
	Static outputs 24Vdc
	? 18: Output 1
	? 19: Output 2
	? 20: Output 3
	? 21: Output 4
	? 22: Output 5
	? 23: Output 6
	? 24: Output 7
	? 25: Output 8
6 7	Analogue input 010V 10bit (MCM260-2AD only) ¹
	? 6: Input 1
<u> </u>	? 7: Input 2
2	? 2: Common inputs
9 10	2 counter inputs for proximity (max 2KHz)
	? 9: Proximity 1
	? 10: Proximity 2
11 12	Encoder input (max 10KHz)
	? 12: A phase
	? 11: B phase
	Field bus:
CANH/B 👶	? 13: CANH / RS485+
C 15	? 14: CANL / RS485-
	? 15: C GND for CANbus and Modbus RTU
	Automatic addressing pins (Modbus RTU only)

¹ Analogue input linearization is fixed and not changeable, from 0 to 10000: 0V? 0, 10V? 10000



- ? 16: Output automatic addressing
- ? 17: Input automatic addressing

2.2.2 MCM260-4AD



CANHIB COANLIB	? 14: CANL / RS485-? 15: C GND for CANbus and Modbus RTU
10 17 중 유	Automatic addressing pins (Modbus RTU only) ? 16: Output automatic addressing ? 17: Input automatic addressing

2.2.3 MCM260-5AD

1224V + DO A	Power supply 1224Vac/dc ±15% ? 1: +Vdc ? 2: -Vdc
3	Reference of common pin for digital inputs 24Vdc
₹	Common pin for digital inputs 12Vdc
5 6 7	Analogue input Al1 ? Thermocouples K, S, R, J – Terminals 5-6. ? Pt100, Ni100 – Terminals 5-6-7 (for the two-wire connection short-circuit terminals 6 and 7). ? Thermoresistances – Terminals 5-7. ? Linear signals – Terminals 5-6. Linear sensor power supply is available on terminal 4. ? Potentiometers– Terminals 5-7.
	 Analogue input AI2 ? Thermocouples K, S, R, J – Terminals 8-9. ? Pt100, Ni100 – Terminals 8-9-10 (for the two-wire connection short-circuit terminals 9 and 10). ? Thermoresistances – Terminals 8-10.



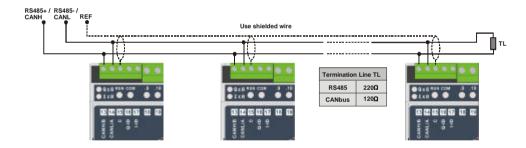
- ? Linear signals **Terminals 8-9.** Linear sensor power supply is available on terminal 4.
- ? Potentiometers- Terminals 8-10.

Analogue input AI2
Analogue input AI3
? Thermocouples K,S,R,J - Terminals 18-19.
? Pt100, Ni100 – Terminals 18-19-20 (for the
two-wire connection short-circuit terminals
19 and 20).
? Thermoresistances – Terminals 18-20.
? Linear signals – Terminals 18-19. Linear
sensor power supply is available on terminal
4.
? Potentiometers- Terminals 18-20.
Analogue input Al3
? Thermocouples K,S,R,J - Terminals 21-22.
? Pt100, Ni100 – Terminals 21-22-23 (for the
two-wire connection short-circuit terminals
22 and 23).
? Thermoresistances – Terminals 21-23 .
? Linear signals – Terminals 21-22. Linear
sensor power supply is available on terminal
4.
? Potentiometers- Terminals 21-23.
Analogue output AO1
? 420mA remove jumper S3.
? 010V insert jumper S3.
Analogue output AO2
? 420mA remove jumper S4.
? 010V insert jumper S4.

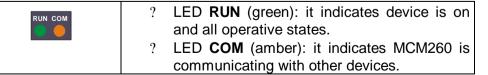
AO2 24 25 [+,-]	
CANHIB CANLIA EL	Field bus: ? 13: CANH / RS485+ ? 14: CANL / RS485- ? 15: C GND for CANbus and Modbus RTU
16 17 유 유	Automatic addressing pins (Modbus RTU only) ? 16: Output automatic addressing ? 17: Input automatic addressing

2.3 Wiring connection to network

Following diagram shows connection of MCM260s to RS485 serial line or to a CAN network.



3 LED FUNCTIONS



MCM260-1AD: .116 indicate output

status of Out1...Out16

MCM260-2AD: .116 indicate input

status of In1...In16

MCM260-3AD:

MCM260-4AD: .18 indicate input

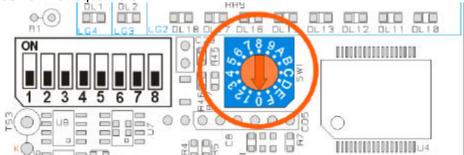
status of In1...In8

.816 indicate output

status of Out1...Out8

4 MCM260 SETUP

To enter **SET-UP** mode, device has to be powered-on when rotary switch is in position 0; MCM260 will be allowed to work as a node of a network (Modbus or CANopen) if it has been powered-on in any rotary switch position not equal to 0.



For both selectable protocols (Modbus or CANopen), rotary switch positions between 1 and 8 are **address offset multiplier**, while positions between 9 and F are **baud-rate**. Node address will be:

Node-ID = $(N-1) \times 15 + M$,

where \mathbf{N} = switch position saved during SET-UP (1...8), \mathbf{M} = actual switch position if device has been powered-on in a position not equal to 0.

SET-UP			
Switch position	Type of set-up	Description	
0 - 0x00	-	Waiting a rotary switch change	
1 - 0x01	Address Offset	Offset 0 – Address from 1 to 15	

2 - 0x02				
3 - 0x03	Address Offset	Offset 30 - Address from 31 to 45		
4 - 0x04	Address Offset	Offset 45 - Address from 46 to 60		
5 - 0x05	Address Offset	Offset 60 - Address	Offset 60 - Address from 61 to 75	
6 - 0x06	Address Offset	Offset 75 - Address	from 76 to 90	
7 - 0x07	Address Offset	Offset 90 - Address	from 91 to 105	
8 - 0x08	Address Offset	Offset 105 - Address from 106 to 120		
		Modbus	CANopen	
		Modbas	OANOPON	
9 - 0x09	Baud rate	2400 bit/sec	50 Kbit/sec	
9 - 0x09 10 - 0x0A	Baud rate Baud rate		•	
		2400 bit/sec	50 Kbit/sec	
10 - 0x0A	Baud rate	2400 bit/sec 4800 bit/sec	50 Kbit/sec 62.5 Kbit/sec	
10 - 0x0A 11 - 0x0B	Baud rate Baud rate	2400 bit/sec 4800 bit/sec 9600 bit/sec	50 Kbit/sec 62.5 Kbit/sec 100 Kbit/sec	
10 - 0x0A 11 - 0x0B 12 - 0x0C	Baud rate Baud rate Baud rate	2400 bit/sec 4800 bit/sec 9600 bit/sec 19200 bit/sec	50 Kbit/sec 62.5 Kbit/sec 100 Kbit/sec 125 Kbit/sec	

5 MODBUS RTU

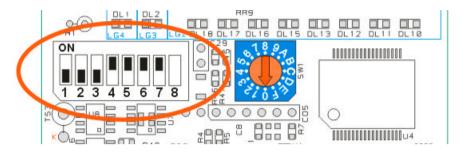
Each LED RUN blinking type indicates a particular Modbus RTU status.

Blinking name LED RUN	Blinking type
Blink_fast	Fast blinking 50msec
Blink_medium	Blinking 200msec
Blink_slow	Blinking 600msec
LED_on	LED always on
Blink_3_on	LED on for 1sec, 3 blink 150msec
Blink_1_off	Slow blink 40msec every 1.2sec
Blink_3_off	LED off for 1sec, 3 blink 150msec

STATUS	LED RUN BLINKING
Boot-up	Blink_fast
Rotary switch in moving (during set-up)	Blink_fast
Waiting for selection	Blink_1_off
Address offset multiplier saved	Blink_3_on
Baud-rate saved	LED_on
MCM260 in normal operation mode	LED_on
Off-line Signalling occurred	Blink_medium

5.1 SET-UP as Modbus RTU slave node

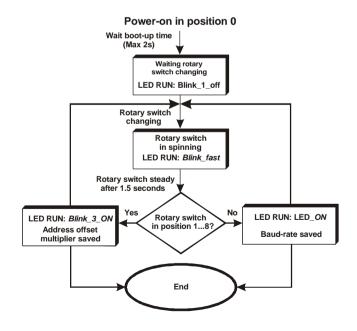
To configure MCM260 as a node of Modbus RTU network, dip-switch has to be set as shown in the figure of the following page.



Subsequently procedure shown in the following page has to be done to configure address offset multiplier and baud-rate.

Once time procedure is ended, device is still not ready to work: it will already be in SET-UP mode until it won't be powered-off.

SET-UP procedure for Modbus RTU



5.2 Operation as Modbus RTU slave node

If dip-switch is configured as shown in figure on page 10, when MCM will be powered-on with rotary switch in position not equal to 0 (1...F), it will be ready to work as a Modbus RTU node. Its baud-rate was selected during SET-UP, its address is calculated by actual rotary switch position added to offset selected during SET-UP.

NORMAL OPERATION MODE		
Rotary switch position	Description	
0 - 0x00	If powered-on with rotary switch in position not equal to 0, its changing involves device in STOPPED status (node not active).	
115 - 0x000x0F	Defines node address: offset selected during SET-UP has to be added to this value. Example: if in SET-UP it was set to position 5, and in normal operation mode actual switch position is 1, node address will be 60 (offset, 15x(5-1)) + 1 = 61	

5.3 Modbus RTU protocol characteristics

Electrical cable provided for Modbus RTU configuration is serial line RS485 optoisolated, available in pins 13 (485+), 14 (485-) and 15 (GND).

Baud-rate	Selectable by rotary switch:	
	? 57600 bits/s ? 9600 b	its/s
	? 38400 bits/s ? 4800 b	its/s
	? 28800 bits/s ? 2400 b	its/s
	? 19200 bits/s	
Format	8, N, 1 (8bit, no parity, 1 stop)	
Supported functions		0x03, 0x04)
	SINGLE WORD WRITING	(0x06)
	MULTIPLE WORD WRITING (max 20 word) (0x10)

5.4 Modbus RTU communication area

MCM260-1AD, MCM260-2AD, MCM260-3AD, MCM260-4AD			
Modbus Description address		Read Write	Reset value
0	Device type	R	160
1	Software version	R	EEPR

			_
24	Reserved	R	?
5	Address slave	R	Switch
6	Reserved	R	?
998	Analogue input 1 010V	R	?
999	Analogue input 2 010V	R	?
1000	Digital inputs status	R	
1001	Counts encoder H	R	?
1002	Counts encoder L	R	?
1003	Counts proximity 1 H	R/W	?
1004	Counts proximity 1 L	R/W	?
1005	Counts proximity 2 H	R/W	?
1006	Counts proximity 2 L	R/W	?
1007	Speed encoder 100ms	R	0
1008	Speed encoder 1s	R	0
1009	Time input On (0.5ms) proximity 1	R	0
1010	Speed proximity 1 100ms	R	0
1011	Speed proximity 1 1s	R	0
1012	Time input On (0.5ms) proximity 2	R	0
1013	Speed proximity 2 100ms	R	0
1014	Speed proximity 2 1s	R	0
1015	I-ID input status and terminator	R	0
1100	Digital outputs status	R/W	?
1101	Pre-load command encoder	R/W	0
1102	Pre-load command proximity 1, 2 output Q-ID	R/W	0
1103	Pre-loaded value encoder H	R/W	EEPR
1104	Pre-loaded value encoder L	R/W	EEPR
1105	Pre-loaded value proximity 1 H	R/W	EEPR
1106	Pre-loaded value proximity 1 L	R/W	EEPR
1107	Pre-loaded value proximity 2 H	R/W	EEPR
1108	Pre-loaded value proximity 2 L	R/W	EEPR
1201-1320	Array output slave status on bus	R/W	0
2000	Starting digital inputs status ¹	R/W	EEPR
2001	Encoder mono/bi-directional selection	R/W	EEPR
2002	Off-line time	R/W	EEPR
2003	Filter digital inputs	R/W	EEPR

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¹ It's also digital outputs value if a communication error with Master node occurs. After off-line time, word Modbus 2002, outputs will change to value written on word Modbus 2000. Default configuration provides no output changes in a event of communication error.

2004	Delay Modbus answer	R/W	EEPR
2005	Baud-rate Modbus	R/W	EEPR
2006	Address slave multiplier	R/W	EEPR
2007	Boot-up time	R/W	EEPR
2008	Reserved	R/W	EEPR
2009	Reserved	R/W	EEPR
2010	Reserved	R/W	EEPR
2011	Reserved	R/W	EEPR
2102 ²	Access to automatic addressing function ³	R	?
2103	Address Slave assignment 4	R	?

	MCM260-5AD		
Modbus address	Description	Read Write	Reset value
0	Device type	R	165
1	Software version	R	Flash
5	Address slave	R	Switch
6	Reserved	R	?
900	Cold junction temperature for Al1 and Al2	R	?
901	Cold junction temperature for Al3 and Al4	R	?
1000	Process value Al1	R	?
1001	Process value Al2	R	?
1002	Process value Al3	R	?
1003	Process value Al4	R	?
1100	AO1 value	R/W	0
1101	AO2 value	R/W	0
1102	Output Q-ID (bit 2)	R/W	0
2002	Off-line time	R/W	EEPR
2003	Reserved	R/W	EEPR
2004	Delay Modbus answer	R/W	EEPR

_

² To use automatic addressing function, Q-ID pin of a node has to be connected to I-ID pin of the following one. In the first device I-ID pin, in the last device Q-ID pin, won't be connected.

³ To able (disable) automatic addressing function to all connected device,

³ To able (disable) automatic addressing function to all connected device, value 1 (0) has to be written on word 2102 in broadcast mode. Once address is assigned (see note below), to exit procedure write value 0 on this word, with slave address just saved, of course.

⁴ To assign address write on this word password 1234: used address will be the one that slave will assign to itself.

2005	Baud-rate Modbus	R/W	EEPR
2006	Address slave multiplier	R/W	EEPR
2007	Boot-up time	R/W	EEPR
2008	Reserved	R/W	EEPR
2009	Reserved	R/W	EEPR
2010	Reserved	R/W	EEPR
2102 ⁵	Access to automatic addressing function ⁶	R	?
2103	Address Slave assignment 7	R	?

Modbus Address	Description	
3001	Analogue input configuration Al1	
3002	Analogue input configuration Al2	
3003	Analogue input configuration Al3	
3004	Analogue input configuration Al4	
	These words define the type of sensor connected to analog inputs Al1Al3. 0 □ Disabled (default) 1 □ Thermocouples K (range -2601360°C) 2 □ Thermocouples S (range -401760°C) 3 □ Thermocouples R (range -401760°C) 4 □ Thermocouples J (range -2001200°C) 5 □ PT100 (range -200600°C) 6 □ PT100 (range -200140°C) 7 □ NI100 (range -60180°C) 8 □ NTC 10K (? 3435K) (range -40125°C) 9 □ PTC1K (range -50150°C)	R/W

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⁵ To use automatic addressing function, Q-ID pin of a node has to be connected to I-ID pin of the following one. In the first device I-ID pin, in the last device Q-ID pin, won't be connected.
⁶ To able (disable) automatic addressing function to all connected device,

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⁷ To assign address write on this word password 1234: used address will be the one that slave will assign to itself.

	10 ∠ PT500 (range -100600°C)	
	11 \(\sime \text{PT1000 (range -100600°C)}	
	12 × Input 010V	
	13 ✓ Input 010V 13 ✓ Input 020mA	
	14 & Input 420mA	
	15 ≥ Input 040mV	
	16 ∠ Potentiometer max. 6Kohm	
	17 ∠ Potentiometer max. 150Kohm	
2005		
3005	Lower range limit Al1 only for linear input	
3006	Lower range limit Al2 only for linear input	
3007	Lower range limit Al3 only for linear input	
3008	Lower range limit Al4 only for linear input	
	Minimum value of input if selected as linear	R/W
	Range -3276832767. (Default 0).	
3009	Upper range limit Al1 only for linear input	
3010	Upper range limit Al2 only for linear input	
3011	Upper range limit Al3 only for linear input	
3012	Upper range limit Al4 only for linear input	
	Maximum value of input if selected as linear	R/W
	Range -3276832767. (Default 32767).	

Modbus Address	Description/ meaning	
3013	Offset Calibration for Al1	
3014	Offset Calibration for Al2	
3015	Offset Calibration for Al3	
3016	Offset Calibration for Al4	
	Value of offset calibration for relevant input	R/W
	Range -10001000 (Default 0).	
3017	Gain Calibration for Al1	
3018	Gain Calibration for Al2	
3019	Gain Calibration for Al3	
3020	Gain Calibration for Al4	
	Value of gain calibration for relevant input	R/W
	Range -10001000 (Default 0).	
3021	Filter for Al1	
3022	Filter for Al2	

3023	Filter for Al3	
3024	Filter for Al4	
	Value of filter	R/W
	(=number of averages for the relevant input)	
	Range 110 (Default 5).	
3025	Selection °C / °F for Al1	
3026	Selection °C / °F for Al2	
3027	Selection °C / °F for Al3	
3028	Selection °C / °F for Al4	
	Type of degree when input is configured for	R/W
	temperature sensor	
	0 Celsius (default)	
	1 ✓ Fahrenheit	

Modbus Address	Description/Meaning	
3201	Frequency of sampling for Al1 and Al2	
3202	Frequency of sampling for Al3 and Al4	
	0 ≰ 242 Hz	R/W
	1 ≰ 123 Hz	
	2 ≰ 62 Hz	
	3 ≰ 50 Hz	
	4 ≤ 39 Hz	
	5 ≰ 33.2 Hz	
	6 ≰ 19.6 Hz	
	7	
	8 ≥ 12.5 Hz	
	9 ≰ 10 Hz	
	10 ≰ 8.33 Hz	
	11 ≰ 6.25 Hz	

	12 ≰ 4.17 Hz	
4001	Analogue output configuration AO1	
4002	Analogue output configuration AO2	
	Type of anaolg output	R/W
	0	
	1	
4003	Lower limit range AO1	
4004	Lower limit range AO2	
	Lower limit analog output	R/W
	Range -3276832767. (Default 0).	
4005	Upper limit range AO1	
4006	Upper limit range AO2	
	Upper limit analog output	R/W
	Range -3276832767. (Default 32767).	
4101	Error Mode AO1	
	Action on analog output AO1 in case of error	R/W
	0	
	1 output assumes the value selected on word 4102	
	(Default)	

Modbus	Description/Meaning	
Address		
4102	Error Value AO1	
	Value assumed by analog output AO1 in case of error	R/W
	if 1 is selected on word 4101.	
	Range -3276832767. (Default 0).	
4103	Error Mode AO2	
	Action on analog output AO2 in case of error	R/W
	0	
	1	
	(Default)	
4104	Error Value AO2	
	Value assumed by analog output AO2 in case of error	R/W
	if 1 is selected on word 4103.	
	Range -3276832767. (Default 0).	

6 CANOPEN

Each LED RUN blinking type indicates a specific CANopen status.

Blinking name LED RUN	Blinking type
Blink_fast	Fast blinking 50msec
Blink_medium	Blinking 200msec
Blink_slow	Blinking 600msec
LED_on	LED always on
Blink_3_on	LED on for 1sec, 3 blink 150msec

Blink_1_off	Slow blink 40msec every 1.2sec
Blink_3_off	LED off for 1sec, 3 blink 150msec

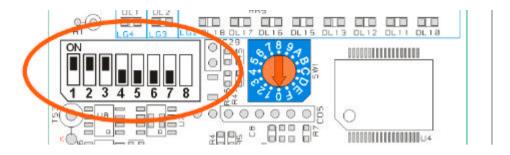
STATUS	LED RUN BLINKING
Boot-up	Blink_fast
Rotary switch in moving (during set-up)?	Blink_fast
Waiting for selection?	LED_off
Address offset multiplier saved?	Blink_3_on
Baud-rate saved?	LED_on
Pre-Operational	Blink_slow
Operational	LED_on
Stopped	LED_off
Pre-Operational with Emergency ²	Blink_medium
Operational with Emergency ²	Blink_3_on
Stopped with Emergency ²	Blink_3_off

6.1 SET-UP as CANopen slave node

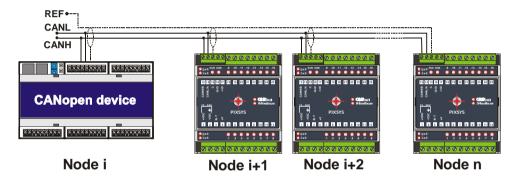
To configure MCM260 as a node of a CANopen network, dip-switch has to be set as shown in the figure below.

⁷ They are not standard CANopen DS401 status, but particular phases of device configuration.

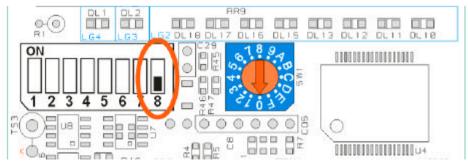
² For more details, see chapter 7



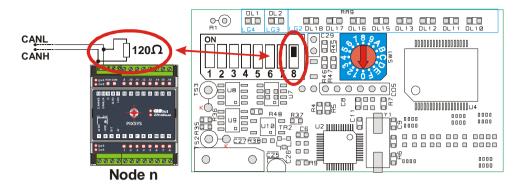
A CANopen network must have a 120? terminal line resistance. If more devices have to be connected in cascade, that resistance has to be connected to the last MCM260 of network, at the end of the line only.



If **no** terminal line resistance has to be connected, set last dip-switch as shown in figure below.



If terminal line resistance **has** to be connected (if MCM260 is the last device of the network), set last dip-switch as shown in figure below.



Subsequently, procedure shown in the following page has to be done to configure address offset multiplier and baud-rate.

Once time procedure is ended, device is not still ready to work: it will already be in SET-UP mode until it won't be powered-off. This isn't a standard CANopen DS401 status, this is specific device configuration.

6.2 Operation as CANopen slave node

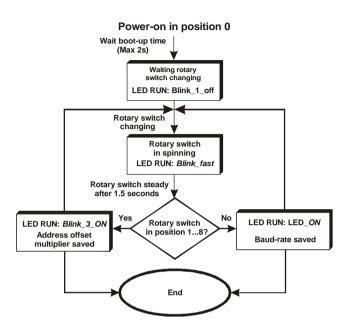
If dip-switch is configured as shown in figure in page 16, when MCM will be powered-on with rotary switch in position not equal to 0 (1...F), it will be ready to work as a CANopen slave node. Its baud-rate was selected during SET-UP, its address is calculated by actual rotary switch position added to offset selected during SET-UP.

After boot-up, device will be in Pre-Operational status automatically (LED RUN *Blink_slow* blinking). PDO transmission/reception aren't allowed, SDO transmission/reception are only allowed. To change into Operational status, an NMT¹ messages from a master is needed.

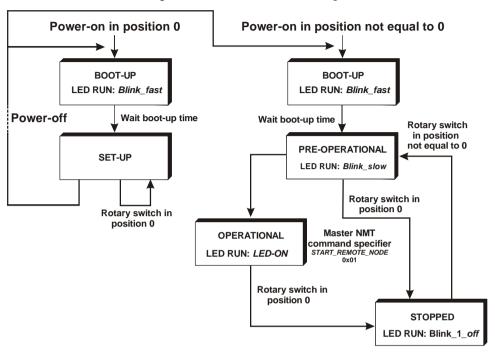
It's possible to change into Stopped status from Pre-Operational or Operational status by rounding rotary switch in position 0. Replacing switch in other positions, device will change into Pre-Operational status anyway.

¹ For more details about CANopen, see chapter 7

SET-UP procedure for CANopen



Rotary switch in CANopen



6.3 Object Dictionary

The following object dictionary table is divided in 3 parts. The first one is **Communication Profile Area**, where all parameters necessary for communication like setting identifier and PDO configuration are described. The second one is **Manufacturer Specific Parameter Area**, where all special manufacturer features are described. The third one is **Standard Device Profile Area**, where digital/Analogue input/output transmission type is described.

		COMMUNICA	ATION PRO		1	
Index	Sub- index	Name	Туре	Default Value	Comment	R/W
0x1000	0	Device type	32bit	0x00020191	MCM260-1AD	CONST
			unsigned	0x00050191	MCM260-2AD	CONST
				0x00030191	MCM260-3AD	CONST
0x1001	0	Error register	8bit	-	Emergency	R
		(all MCM260 series)	unsigned		messages	
0x1003	0	Pre-defined Error Field (all MCM260 series)	Array 8bit unsigned	-	Number of entries	R/W
	1	(Array 32bit	-	Standard error	R
			unsigned		field (always	
					last error	
				-		
	10		Array 32bit	-	Standard error	R
			unsigned		field (always	
					first error	
0x1005	0	COB-ID SYNC	32bit	0x00000080	COB-ID for	R
		message	unsigned		SYNC	
		(all MCM260 series)			message	
0x1006	0	Communication Cycle	32bit	0	Time between	R/W
		Period	unsigned		2 SYNC	
		(all MCM260 series)			messages	
0x1008	0	Manufacturer Device	String	M260	-	CONST
		Name				
	_	(all MCM260 series)				
0x1009	0	Manufacturer	String	Actual	-	CONST
		Hardware Version		hardware		
0-1001	0	(all MCM260 series)	01-1	version		CONST
0x100A	U	Manufacturer Software Version	String	Actual software	-	CONST
		(all MCM260 series)		version		
0400D	0	Node ID	8bit		Node odduces	R
0x100B	0	(all MCM260 series)	unsigned	0	Node address	ĸ
0x100C	0	Guard Time	16bit	0	Time between	R/W
0.000	"	(all MCM260 series)	unsigned		2 Guard time	10,00
		(400.0	anoignou		interrogation	
0x100D	0	Life Time Factor	8bit	0	If its value is 0.	R/W
021.002		(all MCM260 series)	unsigned	•	no Node	
		(Guarding is	
					monitored	
0x1010	0	Store Parameters	Array 8bit	1	Number of	R
		(all MCM260 series)	unsigned		entries	
	1		Array 32bit	1	Write string	R/W
			unsigned		"save" to store	
					user setting	
					parameters	
0x1011	0	Restore default	Array 8bit	2	Number of	R
		Parameter	unsigned	1	entries	

		.	P			
	1		Array 32bit unsigned	1	Write string "load" to restore default	R/W
					setting	
	_		A		parameters	
	2		Array 32bit unsigned	1	Write string "load" to	
			unsigned		restore default	
					Pixsys	
					parameters	
0x1014	0	COB-ID Emergency	32bit	0x80 +	-	R
	-	Object (all MCM260 series)	unsigned	module-ID		
0x1015	0	Inhibit time	16bit	0	Time have to	R/W
		Emergency Object	unsigned		be elapsed	
		(all MCM260 series)			before sending	
					another	
				_	Emergency	
0x1017	0	Producer Heartbeat	16bit	0	Time between	R/W
		Time	unsigned		two heartbeat	
0x1018	0	(all MCM260 series)	December Obje	4	messages Number of	R
UX1U18	U	Identity Object (all MCM260 series)	Record 8bit unsigned	4	entries	ĸ
	1		Record 32bit	PIX	Manufacturer	R
			unsigned		ID	
	2		Record 32bit	260	Device	R
-			unsigned		description	
	3		Record 32bit unsigned	-	Revision number	R
	4		Record 32bit	_	Serial number	R
	4		unsigned	-	Serial Hulliber	K
0x1029	0	Error Behaviour	Array 8bit	1	Number of	R
0X1023	Ū	(all MCM260 series)	unsigned		entries	
•	1	(Array 8bit	0	Communicatio	R/W
			unsigned		n error	
0x1400	0	Receive PDO	Record 8bit	2	Number of	R
		communication	unsigned		entries	
	1	parameter	Record 32bit	0x1400 0x200	COB-ID used	R/W
		(except MCM260-2AD)	unsigned	+ module-ID	by PDO	
	2		Record 32bit	255	Transmission	R/W
			unsigned		type	
0x1600	0	Receive PDO mapping	Record 8bit	-	Number of	R/W
-	1	parameter	unsigned		entries	D/M
	1	(except MCM260-2AD)	Record 32bit unsigned	-	PDO mapping object₁	R/W
-	2		Record 32bit	_	PDO mapping	R/W
	_		unsigned	_	object ₂	17/44
0x1800	0	Transmit PDO	Record 8bit	5	Number of	R
JA 1000	3	communication	unsigned		entries	.,
ŀ	1	parameter	Record 32bit	0x1800 0x180	COB-ID used	R/W
	1	parameter	Necola 32011	I UX IOUU UX IOU	COD-ID useu	F(/ V V

	2		Record 8bit unsigned	255	Transmission type	R/W
	3		Record 16bit unsigned	0	Inhibit time	R/W
	5		Record 16bit unsigned	0	Event timer	R/W
0x1A00	0	Transmit PDO mapping parameter	Record 8bit unsigned	-	Number of entries	R/W
	18	(except MCM260-1AD)	Record 32bit unsigned	-	PDO mapping object _i	R/W

		IANUFACTURER \$ 260-1AD, MCM260					
Index	Sub- index	Name	Туре	Defai Valu		Comment	R/W
0x2000	0	Device specifications (all MCM260 series)	Array 16bit signed	10		Number of entries	R
	1		Array 16bit signed	6 (1Mbp	os)	Baud rate MCM260	R
	2		Array 16bit signed	0		Node-ID offset multiplier	R/W
	3		Array 16bit signed	50		Boot-up time	R/W
	4		Array 16bit signed	0x7l (Pre- Operation	-	CANopen status after boot-up	R/W
	5		Array 16bit signed	1		Filter digital inputs	R/V
	6		Array 16bit signed	0		Pre-load Pixsys parameters	R/V
	710		Reserved				R/V
0x2100	0	Encoder counter (MCM260-2AD,	Array 8bit signed	1	Nur	nber of entries	R
	1	MCM260-3AD)	Array 32bit signed	0	End	coder counter	R
0x2101	0	Preset encoder (MCM260-2AD,	Record 8bit signed	1	Nur	nber of entries	R
	1	MCM260-3AD)	Record 32bit signed	0	Pre	set encoder	R/V
0x2102	0	Encoder command preset	Array 8bit unsigned	1	Nur	nber of entries	R
	1	(MCM260-2AD, MCM260-3AD)	Array 8bit unsigned	0	1? sim 2? whe	No preset is loaded Preset value loaded ultaneously Preset value loaded en DI=1 (zero ulse)	R/V
0x2103	0	Encoder type (MCM260-2AD, MCM260-3AD)	Array 8bit signed	1	Nur	nber of entries	R

	1		Array 8bit signed	0	1? Mono-directional 2? Bi-directional	R/W
0x2104	0	Encoder speed (MCM260-2AD,	Record 8bit signed	1	Number of entries	R
	1	MCM260-3AD)	Record 16bit signed	0	Encoder speed (100? sec)	R
0x2105	0	Encoder speed (MCM260-2AD,	Record 8bit signed	1	Number of entries	R
	1	MCM260-3AD)	Record 16bit signed	0	Encoder speed (1sec)	
0x2200	0	Proximity counter (MCM260-2AD,	Record 8bit signed	2	Number of entries	R
	1	MCM260-3AD)	Record 32bit signed	0	Proximity counter 1	R/W
	2		Record 32bit signed	0	Proximity counter 2	R/W
0x2201	0	Preset proximity (MCM260-2AD,	Record 8bit signed	2	Number of entries	R
	1	MCM260-3AD)	Record 32bit signed	0	Preset proximity 1	R/W
	2		Record 32bit signed	0	Preset proximity 2	R/W
0x2202	0	Proximity command preset	Array 8bit signed	2	Number of entries	R
	1	(MCM260-2AD, MCM260-3AD)	Array 8bit unsigned	0	Proximity 1 command preset	R/W
	2		Array 8bit unsigned	0	Proximity 2 command preset	R/W
0x2203	0	Timer ON proximity (MCM260-2AD,	Record 8bit signed	2	Number of entries	R
	1	MCM260-3AD)	Record 16bit unsigned	0	Proximity 1 Timer ON	R
	2		Record 16bit unsigned	0	Proximity 2 Timer ON	R
0x2204	0	Proximity speed (MCM260-2AD,	Record 8bit signed	1	Number of entries	R
	1	MCM260-3AD)	Record 16bit unsigned	0	Proximity 1 speed (100? sec)	R
	2		Record 16bit unsigned	0	Proximity 2 speed (100? sec)	R
0x2205	0	Proximity speed (MCM260-2AD,	Record 8bit signed	1	Number of entries	R
	1	MCM260-3AD)	Record 16bit unsigned	0	Proximity 1 speed (1sec)	R
	2		Record 16bit unsigned	0	Proximity 2 speed (1sec)	R R

MANUFACTURER SPECIFIC PARAMETER AREA MCM260-5AD							
Index	Sub- index	Name	Type	Default value	Comment	R/W	
0x2000	0	Device specifications	Array 16bit signed	10	Number of entries	R	
	1		Array 16bit signed	6 (1Mbps)	Baud rate MCM260	R	
	2		Array 16bit signed	0	Node-ID offset multiplier	R/W	
	3		Array 16bit signed	50	Boot-up time	R/W	
	4		Array 16bit signed	0x7F (Pre- Operational)	CANopen status after boot-up	R/W	
	5		Array 16bit signed	0	Pre-load Pixsys parameters	R/W	
	610		Reserved			R/W	
0x4000 0x4001	0	Al1 parameters Al2 parameters	Array 16bit signed	20	Number of entries	R	
0x4002 0x4003	1	Al3 parameters Al4 parameters	Array 16bit signed	0	Sensor type	R/W	
	2	·	Array 16bit signed	0	Lower range limit only for linear input	R/W	
	3		Array 16bit signed	0x7FFF	Upper range limit only for linear input	R/W	
	4		Array 16bit signed	0	Offset calibration	R/W	
	5		Array 16bit signed	0	Gain calibration	R/W	
	6		Array 16bit signed	5	Filter	R/W	
	7		Array 16bit signed	0	Degree type	R/W	
	820		Reserved			R/W	

0x4100	0	Input parameters	Array 16bit signed	10	Number of entries	R
	1		Array 16bit signed	7	Frequency of sampling for Al1 and Al2	R/W
	2		Array 16bit signed	7	Frequency of sampling for Al3 and Al4	R/W
	310		Reserved			R/W
0x5000 0x5001	0	AO1 parameters AO2 parameters	Array 16bit signed	10	Number of entries	R

1	Array 16bit signed	0	Analogue output type	R/W
2	Array 16bit signed	0	Lower limit range of analogue output	R/W
3	Array 16bit signed	0x7FFF	Upper limit range of analogue output	R/W
410	Reserved			R/W

		STANDARD	DEVICE PR	OFILE	AREA	
Index	Sub- index	Name	Туре	Default Value	Comment	R/W
0x6000	0	Digital input (MCM260-2AD, MCM260-3AD)	Array 8bit unsigned	•	Number of entries	R
	1		Array 8bit unsigned	-	1 st input block	R
	2		Array 8bit unsigned	-	2 nd input block (MCM260-2AD only)	R
0x6005	0	Global Interrupt Enable Digital 8bit (MCM260-2AD, MCM260-3AD)	8bit signed	1	Allows digital input transmission by PDO	R/W
0x6006	0	Interrupt Mask Any Change 8bit (MCM260-2AD, MCM260-3AD)	Array 8bit unsigned	-	Number of entries	R
	1		Array 8bit unsigned	255	Transmission channels 18 released in a event of a change	R/W
	2		Array 8bit unsigned	255	Transmission channels 916 released in a event of a change (MCM260-2AD only)	R/W

0x6007	0	Interrupt Mask Low-to- High 8bit	Array 8bit unsigned	-	Number of entries	R
	1 (MCM260-1AD, MCM260-3AD)	,	Array 8bit unsigned	0	Transmission channels 18 released in a event of a positive transition	R/W
		Array 8bit unsigned	0	Transmission channels 916 released in a event of a positive transition (MCM260- 1AD only)	R/W	
0x6008	0	Interrupt Mask High- to-Low 8bit (MCM260-1AD.	Array 8bit unsigned	-	Number of entries	R

(MCM260-1AD, MCM260-3AD)

	1	1	Arrest Ohit	0	Transmission	D/M
	1		Array 8bit unsigned	U	Transmission channels 18	R/W
			unsigned		released in a event	
					of a negative	
					transition	
	2	1	Array 8bit	0	Transmission	R/W
	_		unsigned	0	channels 916	IX/ VV
			unsigned		released in a event	
					of a negative	
					transition (MCM260-	
					1AD only)	
0x6200	0	Digital Output	Array 8bit	-	Number of entries	R
0.0200	•	(MCM260-1AD,	unsigned		Training of Granting	•••
	1	MCM260-3AD)	Array 8bit	0	1 st output block	R/W
	•		unsigned		. Gatpat block	
	2		Array 8bit	0	2 nd output block	R/W
	_		unsigned		(MCM260-1AD only)	
0x6206	0	Error Mode Output	Array 8bit	-	Number of entries	R
0.0200	"	8bit	unsigned		realiser of entries	11
	1	(MCM260-1AD,	Array 8bit	255	1 st output block	R/W
	•	MCM260-3AD)	unsigned	200	(Output channels	,
			unoigneu		18 change to a pre-	
					defined error status	
					in a event of an	
					error)	
	2	1	Array 8bit	255	2 nd output block	R/W
	_		unsigned		(MCM260-1AD only)	
0x6207	0	Error Value Output	Array 8bit	-	Number of entries	R
OXOZOI	"	8bit	unsigned		ramber of chares	
	1	(MCM260-1AD,	Array 8bit	0	1 st output block	R/W
		MCM260-3AD)	unsigned		(Pre-defined error	
		,	unioignou		status in a event of	
					an error)	
	2	1	Array 8bit	0	2 nd output block	R/W
	_		unsigned		(MCM260-1AD only)	
0x6401	0	Analogue Input 16bit	Array 8bit	2(-2AD)	Number of Analogue	R
		(MCM260-2AD,	unsigned	4(-5AD)	input channels	•••
	1	MCM260-5AD)	Array 16bit	-	1 st channel	R
	-	,	unsigned			••
	2	1	Array 16bit	-	2 nd channel	R
	_		unsigned		************	
-	3	1	Array 16bit	-	3 rd channel	R
	_		unsigned			
	4	1	Array 16bit	-	4 th channel	R
			unsigned			
0x6411	0	Analogue Output 16bit	Array 8bit	2	Number of Analogue	R
-20111		(MCM260-5AD)	unsigned	_	output channels	••
	1	(Array 16bit	-	1 st channel	R/W
			unsigned			
		4			nd	
	2		Array 16bit	-	2 nd channel	R/W

0x6421	0	Analogue Input	Array 8bit	2(-2AD)	Number of Analogue	R
		Interrupt Trigger	unsigned	4(-5AD)	input channels	
	1	Selection	Array 8bit	7	Trigger 1 st channel	R/W
		(MCM260-2AD,	unsigned		(transmission	
		MCM260-5AD)			disabled)	
	2		Array 8bit	7	Trigger 2 nd channel	R/W
			unsigned		(tx disabled)	
	3	1	Array 8bit	7	Trigger 3 rd channel	R/W
			unsigned		(tx disabled)	
	4	1	Array 8bit	7	Trigger 4 th channel	R/W
			unsigned		(tx disabled)	
0x6423	0	Analogue Input Global	Boolean	0	Enable/Disable	R/W
		Interrupt Enable			Analogue input	
		(MCM260-2AD,			transmission	
		MCM260-5AD)				
0x6424	0	Analogue Input	Array 8bit	2(-2AD)	Number of Analogue	R
		Interrupt Upper Limit	unsigned	4(-5AD)	input channels	
	1	Integer (MCM260-2AD	Array 16bit	0	Upper limit 1 st ch.	R/W
		only)	unsigned		(Analogue input	
		"			transmission	
					monitored by	
					threshold value)	
	2	1	Array 16bit	0	Upper limit 2 nd ch.	R/W
			unsigned			
	3		Array 16bit	0	Upper limit 3 rd ch.	R/W
			unsigned			
	4		Array 16bit	0	Upper limit 4 th ch.	R/W
			unsigned			

			1	1		
0x6425	0	Analogue Input	Array 8bit	2(-2AD)	Number of Analogue	R
		Interrupt Lower Limit	unsigned	4(-5AD)	input channels	
	1	Integer (MCM260-2AD,	Array 16bit	0	Lower limit 1 st	R/W
		MCM260-5AD)	unsigned		channel (Analogue	
		1			input transmission	
					monitored by	
					threshold value)	
	2	1	Array 16bit	0	Lower limit 2 nd	R/W
			unsigned		channel	
	3	1	Array 16bit	0	Lower limit 3 rd	R/W
			unsigned		channel	
	4	1	Array 16bit	0	Lower limit 4 th	R/W
	-		unsigned		channel	
0x6426	0	Analogue Input	Array 8bit	2(-2AD)	Number of Analogue	R
0.0420	"	Interrupt Delta	unsigned	4(-5AD)	input channels	11
	1	Unsigned (MCM260-	Array 16bit	1(-3AD)	Delta 1 st channel	R/W
		2AD, MCM260-5AD)	unsigned		(actual transmission	IX/ VV
		ZAD, WCWZ00-3AD)	unsigned		conditioned by	
					previously sent	
		4			value ?Delta)	
	2		Array 16bit	0	Delta 2 nd channel	R/W
1			unsigned	1		

	3		Array 16bit unsigned	0	Delta 3 rd channel	R/W
	4		Array 16bit unsigned	0	Delta 4 th channel	R/W
0x6427	0	Analogue Input Interrupt Negative	Array 8bit unsigned	2(-2AD) 4(-5AD)	Number of Analogue input channels	R
	1	Delta Unsigned (MCM260-2AD, MCM260-5AD)	Array 16bit unsigned	0	Delta 1 st channel (actual transmission conditioned by previously sent value -Delta)	R/W
	2		Array 16bit unsigned	0	Delta 2 nd channel	R/W
	3		Array 16bit unsigned	0	Delta 3 rd channel	R/W
	4		Array 16bit unsigned	0	Delta 4 th channel	R/W

0x6428	0	Analogue Input Interrupt Positive	Array 8bit unsigned	2(-2AD) 4(-5AD)	Number of Analogue input channels	R
	1	Delta Unsigned	Array 16bit	0	Delta 1 st channel	R/W
		(MCM260-2AD,	unsigned		(actual transmission	
		MCM260-5AD)			conditioned by	
					previously sent	
					value + Delta)	
	2		Array 16bit	0	Delta 2 nd channel	R/W
			unsigned		rd .	
	3		Array 16bit	0	Delta 3 rd channel	R/W
		4	unsigned		D to 4th 1	D 04/
	4		Array 16bit	0	Delta 4 th channel	R/W
			unsigned			
0x6443	0	Analogue Output Error	Array 8bit	2	Number of Analogue	R
		Mode	unsigned		output channels	
	1	(MCM260-5AD)	Array 16bit	1	Error Mode 1 st	R/W
			unsigned		channel	
	2		Array 16bit	1	Error Mode 2 nd	R/W
			unsigned		channel	
0x6444	0	Analogue Output Error	Array 8bit	2	Number of Analogue	R
0.00111		Value Integer	unsigned	_	output channels	• • •
	1	(MCM260-5AD)	Array 16bit	1	Error Value 1 st	R/W
		,	unsigned		channel	
	2]	Array 16bit	1	Error Value 2 nd	R/W
			unsigned		channel	
0x67FE	0	Error Behaviour (all	Array 8bit	1	Number of entries	R
[MCM260 series)	unsigned			

1	1	Array 8bit	0	Communication error (see object 0x1029)	R/W
		unsigned		(See Object 0x 1029)	

6.4 EDS files

EDS files of the various models are available for download at http://download.pixsys.com/

7 CANOPEN IN DETAILS

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a Multimaster bus system. Messages are sent to the bus with a certain priority, defined by COB ID (Communication Object Identifier).

CANopen is a networking concept defined as an application layer by DS 301 CIA specification (CAN in automation).

CANopen is built on top of CAL (CAN Application Layer, an high layer communication protocol for CAN-based network). CAL defines 4 application layer service elements:

- 1. **CMS** (CAN-based Message Specification): it defines a set of objects (Variable, Event, Domain) to specify how CAN interface can access to the network node features.
- 2. **NMT** (Network Management): it defines all typical services of a master-slave concept network as initialisation, start and stop node, detection of failures.
- 3. **DBT** (Distributor): it defines a dynamic distribution of CAN identifiers to the nodes of the network, called **COB-ID** (Communication Object Identifier)
- 4. **LMT** (Layer Management): it offers the possibility to change parameters as NMT address of a node, bit-timing and baud rate of CAN interface.

CMS defines 8 priority levels, 220 **COB-ID** each. Others identifiers are reserved for NMT, DBT and LMT.

CAN Application Layer (CAL)				
COB-ID Description				
0	NMT start/stop services			
1220	CMS object priority 0			
221440	CMS object priority 1			

441660	CMS object priority 2
661880	CMS object priority 3
8811100	CMS object priority 4
11011320	CMS object priority 5
13211540	CMS object priority 6
15411760	CMS object priority 7
17612015	NMT Node Guarding
20162031	NMT, LMT, DBT services

CAL doesn't define contents of the **CMS** objects, it defines how but not what. **CANopen** provides an implementation of a distributed control system using **CAL** services and protocols.

7.1 Object Dictionary

The object dictionary is the most important point of a CANopen device where all configuration information and data are stored. It is an ordered group of objects, where each one is addressed using a 16bit index. Organization of dictionary is based on tables and contains three areas of CANopen objects:

Communication Profile Area (Index 0x1000...0x1FFF): this profile contains all parameters relevant for CANopen communication and it is common for all CANopen devices.

Manufacturer Specific Profile Area (Index 0x2000...0x5FFF): in this profile, each manufacturer can implement its own company specific objects.

Standardized Device Profile Area (Index 0x6000...0x9FFF): this profile contains all objects which are assisted by a certain device profile. The bus coupler assists the device profile DS-401 (Device Profile for Generic I/O Modules)

In the object dictionary, a logical addressing scheme is used for the access to communication and device parameters, data and functions. Each entry into the dictionary is identified by a 16 bit index which indicates the row address of the table. A maximum of 65536 entries are

permitted.

If an object is composed of several components, the components are identified by means of an 8 bit sub-index. The sub-index indicates the individual column address of the table allowing a maximum of 256 entries.

If index only consists of simple variables (8bit unsigned, 16bit unsigned, ecc.), sub-index is always zero.

For more objects, as array, records, ecc. sub-index 0 indicates the maximum number of the following sub-indexes.

Data is coded in the following sub-indexes:

- ? object name describing the object function
- ? a data type attribute
- ? an access attribute: read only, write only or read/write

CAN	CANopen object dictionary structure				
Index (Exadecimal)	Object				
0x0000	Not used				
0x0001- 0x001F	Static data types				
0x0020 - 0x003F	Complex data types				
0x0040 - 0x005F	Manufacturer specific data types				
0x0060 - 0x007F	Profile specific static data types				
0x0080 - 0x009F	Profile specific complex data types				
0x00A0 - 0x0FFF	Reserved				
0x1000 - 0x1FFF	Communication Profile (DS-301)				
0x2000 - 0x5FFF	Manufacturer specific parameters				
0x6000 - 0x9FFF	Parameters from standardized device profiles				
0xA000 - 0xFFFF	Reserved				

7.1.1 CANopen communication model

CANopen defines 4 message types:

- Administrative message: Layer management, network management and identifier distribution services (initialisation, configuration and supervision network). Services and protocols are according to LMT, NMT and DBT elements.
- Service Data Object (SDO): it provides client access to objects of object dictionary of the device (server) using index and subindex. A replay is generated for every CAN message: one SDO requires 2 CAN-identifiers. SDO request and reply message always contains 8 bytes.
- 3. Process Data Object (PDO): it provides transfer real-time data. Data transfer is limited from 1 to 8 bytes, and it's content is defined by its CAN-identifier only. Each PDO is described by 2 object in the object dictionary:
 - ? PDO Communication Parameter: it contains COB-ID used, transmission type, inhibit time and time period
 - ? PDO Mapping Parameter: it contains a list of entries of object dictionary mapped in PDO. It's configurable using SDO messages if "variable PDO mapping" is supported by devices.

There are 2 types of PDO transmission:

- Synchronous: it's regulated by receipt of a SYNC object (acyclic, means not periodically, or cyclic, means that transmission is periodically triggered every 1,2,...,240 by SYNC messages).
- 2. **Asynchronous**: transmission is triggered by a remote transmission request from another device, or it's triggered by configuration of an object specific event specified in the device profile (input change of value, or a timer event...)

Inhibit time for a PDO defines minimum time between two consecutive PDO transmission. It's a part of PDO Communication Parameter and it's defined as an unsigned 16bit integer (unit is 100? sec).

Event time period for a PDO defines where PDO transmission is periodically triggered when a specific time has elapsed. It's defined as an unsigned 16bit integer (unit is millisecond).

PDO transmit data without overhead and messages aren't confirmed: one PDO requires one CAN-identifier (no more than 8 bytes can be transferred with 1 PDO).

4. **Predefined Messages** or **Special Function Objects**. It's a list of predefined and important messages:

Synchronization (SYNC): it regulates input/output transmission and update through PDO synchronization. It is in the highest priority COB-ID and no data bytes are transferred to ensure message as short as possible.

Time Stamp: It provides application devices a common time frame reference.

Emergency: The event is triggered by device internal errors.

Node/Life Guarding: NMT master monitors nodes status (node guarding). Nodes optionally monitor NMT master status (life guarding): it starts on the NMT slave after it has received the first node guarding message from NMT master. It detects errors in the network interfaces of devices: a remote transmission request from NMT master to a particular node triggers a reply containing node status.

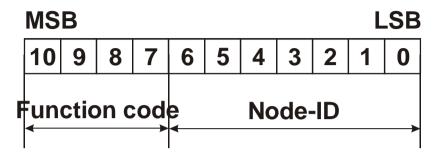
Boot-up: NMT slave send this message when it has transitioned from **Initialising** to **Pre-Operational** status.

Finally, SDO is typically used for device configuration in a CANopen network, while PDO is used for fast data transfer. All CANopen devices should have at least one PDO, all other communication objects are optional.

7.1.2 CANopen Pre-defined Connection Set

When a device has to reply a master request, a default CAN-identifier

scheme is used. It's based on a 11bit frame, where the first 7bit (LSB) are used for **Node-ID** (range 1...127, defined by specific manufacturer configuration), and the last 4bit (MSB) are used for **Function Code**.



Pre-defined connection set defines 4 Rx PDOs, 4 TX PDOs, 1 SDO, 1 Emergency Object and 1 Node-Error-Control Identifier¹. It also support broadcasting of non-confirmed NMT Module Control Services, SYNC and Time Stamp objects. Complete CAN-identifier scheme is shown below:

Broadcast objects of CANopen Pre-defined Connection Set					
Object	Function Code (bit 710)	COB-ID	Communication parameters		
NMT Module Control	0000	0x000	-		
SYNC	0001	0x080	0x1005, 0x1006, 0x1007		
Time Stamp	0010	0x100	0x1012, 0x1013		

Peer-to-Peer objects of CANopen Pre-defined Connection Set				
Object	Function Code (bit 710)	COB-ID	Communication parameters	
Emergency	0000	0x81 – 0xFF	0x1024, 0x1015	
PDO1 (transmit)	0011	0x181 – 0x1FF	0x1800	
PDO1 (receive)	0100	0x201 - 0x27F	0x1400	
PDO2 (transmit)	0101	0x281 - 0x2FF	0x1801	

¹ MCM260 series has only 1 TX PDO and 1 RX PDO

PDO2 (receive)	0110	0x301 – 0x37F	0x1401
PDO3 (transmit)	0111	0x381 – 0x3FF	0x1802
PDO3 (receive)	1000	0x401 – 0x47F	0x1402
PDO4 (transmit)	1001	0x481 – 0x4FF	0x1803
PDO4 (receive)	1010	0x501 – 0x57F	0x1403
SDO (transmit/receive)	1011	0x581 – 0x5FF	0x1200
SDO (receive/client)	1100	0x601 – 0x67F	0x1200
NMT Error Control	1110	0x701 – 0x77F	0x1016, 0x1017

All peer-to-peer identifiers are different so only one master device can communicate to each slave node (up to 127 nodes). Two slaves aren't able to communicate because they don't know each other's node-ID, master only knows them.

7.1.3 CANopen identifier distribution

COB-ID's allocation can be made in 3 ways:

- ? Pre-defined Connection Set: it's mode shown in the previous section. Allocation is default setting, no configuration is needed.
- ? PDO identifiers (COB-IDs) can be modified after powering-up device, when it's in **Pre-Operational** status (see next section). In this status, it's possible to write new values to Object Dictionary allocation by SDO.
- ? Using DBT (Distributor, a CAL service): nodes are initially identified by their configured node-ID. Node-ID of slave nodes may be configured by internal dip-switches or LMT (Layer Management, a CAL service).

When network initialises and boots, master provides a connection with each connected slave with a 'telegram' (NMT service). Once this connection has been established, DBT provides allocation of CAN identifiers for communication of SDOs and PDOs to the node.

7.1.4 CANopen boot-up process

Networks initialisation supports two boot-up process: **Minimum boot-up** and **Extended boot-up**. The first one is a pre-required process for a

CANopen device, the second one is optional, but necessary if COB-IDs have to be allocated by DBT services¹.

State-transition diagram in next page shows a CANopen minimum bootup node.

Letters in brackets show which communication object types are allowed in the different status:

A = NMT

B = Node Guard

C = SDO

D = Emergency

E = PDO

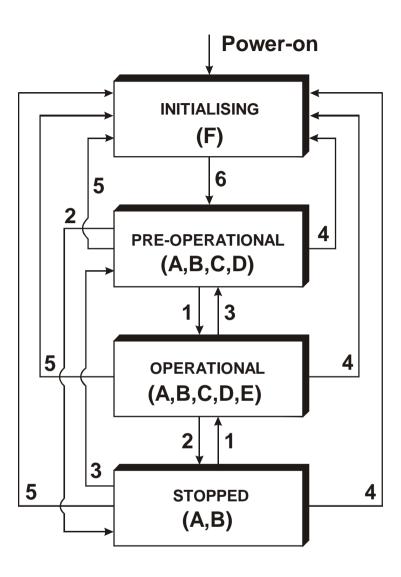
 $\mathbf{F} = \text{Boot-up}$

Numbers show Status transitions and NMT command specifier:

- 1 = Start Remote Node (0x01)
- 2 = Stop Remote Node (0x02)
- **3** = Enter Pre-Operational status (0x80)
- **4** = Reset Node (0x81)
- **5** = Reset Communication (0x82)
- 6 = Device initialisation is finished, device changes to Pre-Operational status automatically and boot-up message is send

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¹ MCM260 series only provides Minimum boot-up



NMT services allow changing status nodes at any time. NMT message consists of CAN-header (COB-ID = 0) and 2 data bytes. One byte contains the requested service (NMT command specifier) and other byte contains Node-ID (0 for broadcasting mode).

A CANopen network can only have one NMT master, which brings NMT messages and controls initialisation process.

CANopen device supporting only minimum boot-up enter Pre-Operational status automatically after ending device initialisation. In this status setting device parameters and COB-ID allocation are possible by SDO only.

A distinction is needed between device configuration and CANopen device initialisation (**boot-up**). **MCM260** configuration is allowed when device is powered-on with rotary switch in position 0 (Node-ID offset multiplier, baud-rate); **MCM260** CANopen initialisation (**boot-up**) is always provided by itself when it is powered-on (for each position of rotary switch).

MCM260 enter Pre-Operational status after having finished its initialisation. It's possible to force Stopped status by changing rotary switch in 0 position (from Pre-Operational or Operational status).

7.1.5 Communication Profile: Initialisation

In the most common cases, a default configuration is assigned to Object dictionary, if there aren't other configuration saved by user. All object are initialised with default DS301 values (CANopen Application Layer and Communication Profile). Rx/Tx PDO have default values.

Rx PDO: it contains the first 2x8 digital outputs. If there aren't digital outputs, subindex 0 is 0 (default value) and PDO isn't used with its default

Index	Subindex	Description	Default value
0x1600	0	Number of objects	0 : no digital output block
			12: 12 digital output blocks
	1	1 st mapped digital output block	0x6200 01 08
	2	2 nd mapped digital output block	0x6200 02 08

value

Tx PDO: it contains the first 2x8 digital inputs and 2 Analogue inputs. If there aren't digital inputs, subindex 0 is 0 (default value) and PDO isn't used with its default value

Index	Subindex	Description	Default value
0x1A00	0	Number of objects	0 : no digital input block
			18: 18 digital input blocks
	1	1 st mapped digital input block	0x6000 01 08
	2	2 nd mapped digital input block	0x6000 02 08
	3	1 st mapped Analogue input	0x6401 01 10
	4	2 nd mapped Analogue input	0x6401 02 10
	58		

7.2 Communication Profile Area

The following table shows all the supported communication profile objects:

N.B. ALL = All devices

O_IO = Output devices (MCM260-1AD), Input/Output devices (MCM260-3AD, MCM260-4AD), analogue device (MCM260-5AD)
I_IO = Input devices (MCM260-2AD), Input/Output devices (MCM260-3AD, MCM260-4AD), analogue device (MCM260-5AD)

Index	Name	Туре	Device Type	R/W
0x1000	Device type	32bit unsigned	ALL	CONST
0x1001	Error register	8bit unsigned	ALL	R
0x1003	Pre-defined Error Field	Array 32bit unsigned	ALL	R/W

0x1005	COB-ID SYNC message	32bit unsigned	ALL	R
0x1006	Communication Cycle Period	32bit unsigned	ALL	R/W
0x1008	Manufacturer Device Name	String	ALL	CONST
0x1009	Manufacturer Hardware Version	String	ALL	CONST
0x100A	Manufacturer Software Version	String	ALL	CONST
0x100	Node ID	8bit unsigned	ALL	R
В				
0x100	Guard Time	16bit unsigned	ALL	R/W
С				
0x100	Life Time Factor	8bit unsigned	ALL	R/W
D				
0x1010	Store Parameters	Array 32bit unsigned	ALL	R/W
0x1011	Restore default Parameter	Array 32bit unsigned	ALL	R/W
0x1014	COB-ID Emergency Object	32bit unsigned	ALL	R
0x1015	Inhibit time Emergency Object	16bit unsigned	ALL	R/W
0x1017	Producer Heartbeat Time	16bit unsigned	ALL	R/W
0x1018	Identity Object	Record 32bit unsigned	ALL	R
0x1029	Error Behaviour	Array 8bit unsigned	ALL	R/W

0x1400	Receive PDO communication parameter	Record 32bit unsigned	0_10	R/W
0x1600	Receive PDO mapping parameter	Record 32bit unsigned	0_10	R/W
0x1800	Transmit PDO communication parameter	Record 32bit unsigned	I_IO	R/W
0x1A00	Transmit PDO mapping parameter	Record 32bit unsigned	I_IO	R/W

7.2.1 Device TypeThis object indicates device type profile:

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1000	0	Device	32bit	-	CONST
		type	unsigned		

Structure:

Bit 2431 MSB	Bit 1623	Bit 815	Bit 07 LSB
0x00	0000b ₁₉ b ₁₈ b ₁₇ b ₁₆	0x01	0x91

b ₁₆	0	If no digital input is connected
	1	If at least one digital input is connected
b ₁₇	0	If no digital output is connected
	1	If at least one digital output is connected
b ₁₈	0	If no Analogue input is connected
	1	If at least one Analogue input is
		connected
b ₁₉	0	If no Analogue output is connected
	1	If at least one Analogue output is
		connected

Example: For MCM260 series:

Device Name	Attribute	Device Type Profile	
MCM260-1AD	16 Digital Output	0x00020191	
MCM260-2AD	16 Digital Input + 2	0x00050191	
	Analogue Input		
	010V		
MCM260-3AD	8 Digital Input +	0x00030191	
MCM260-4AD	8 Digital Output		
MCM260-5AD	4 Analogue Input + 0x000C0191		
	2 Analogue output		

Least significant word (LSW) is always $0x0191 = 401_{dec}$ CAN DS standard.

7.2.2 Error Register

This object contains internal errors and it's a subset of emergency message

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1001	0	Error	8bit	-	R
		register	unsigned		

Structure:

Bit number	Meaning
0	General error
1	Current
2	Voltage
3	Temperature
4	Communication
5	Device profile specific
6	Reserved
7	Manufacturer specific

If an error occurs, bit 0 is always set 1.

7.2.3 Pre-defined Error Field

This object contains information about last 10 errors occurred. New errors will be entered in subindex 1, and error in subindex 10 will be lost.

Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0	Number of	Array 8bit	-	R/W
	entries	unsigned		
1	Standard error field (always last error)	Array 32bit unsigned	-	R
			-	
10	Standard	Array 32bit	-	R
	error field	unsigned		
	1	0 Number of entries 1 Standard error field (always last error) 10 Standard	Number of entries unsigned Standard Array 32bit error field unsigned (always last error) Standard Array 32bit unsigned (always last error)	O Number of entries unsigned 1 Standard Array 32bit error field (always last error) 10 Standard Array 32bit error field unsigned

Structure:

Bit 1631 MSW	Bit 015 LSW
Additional info	Error code

Additional info are first 2 bytes of additional code of Emergency telegram. Error code is error code in the Emergency telegram.

7.2.4 COB-ID SYNC message

This object contains COB-ID for synchronization message.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1005	0	COB-ID	32bit	0x00000080	R
		SYNC	unsigned		

Structure:

Bit 1131 MSW	Bit 010
0 (reserved)	COB-ID

7.2.5 Communication Cycle Period

This object contains maximum time (?sec) between 2 SYNC messages (resolution 2msec). If value is 0, no SYNC monitoring is realized.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1006	0	Communicatio	32bit	0	R/W
		n Cycle	unsigned		
		Period			

7.2.6 Manufacturer Device Name

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1008	0	Manufacturer	String	M260	CONST
		Device Name			

7.2.7 Manufacturer Hardware Version

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Default	R/W
0x1009	0	Manufacturer	String	Actual	CONST
		Hardware		hardware	
		Version		version	

7.2.8 Manufacturer Software Version

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Default	R/W
0x100A	0	Manufacturer	String	Actual	CONST
		Software		software	
		Version		version	

7.2.9 Node ID

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x100B	0	Node ID	8bit unsigned	0	R

7.2.10 Guard Time

This object defines Guarding Time (time between 2 interrogation, in msec)

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x100C	0	Guard Time	16bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		

7.2.11 Life Time Factor

This object is a part of Node Guarding Protocol. If it's equal to 0, no

monitoring is realized.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x100D	0	Life Time	8bit	0	R/W
		Factor	unsigned		

7.2.12 Store Parameters

This object stores user's setting parameters permanently, if signature "save" (ASCII 0x65766173) is written into subindex 1

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1010	0	Number of	Array 8bit	1	R
		entries (1)	unsigned		
	1	Store all	Array 32bit	1 (string	R/W
		parameters	unsigned	"save" to	
				store)	

7.2.13 Restore Default Parameters

This object allows to reset user stored parameters and load default values. If signature "load" (ASCII 0x64616F6C) is written on Sub-index 1, standard default parameters are loaded each power on (until next "save" command is written). This is the same behaviour for Pixsys default parameters on Sub-index 2.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1011	0	Number of	Array 8bit	2	R
		entries (1)	unsigned		
	1	Load standard	Array 32bit	1 (string	R/W
		default	unsigned	"load" for	
		parameters		standard	
				default)	
	2	Load Pixsys	Array 32bit	1 (string	R/W
		default	unsigned	"load" for	
		parameters		Pixsys	
				default)	

7.2.14 COB-ID Emergency Object

Index Subindex Name Type	Default	R/W
--------------------------	---------	-----

0x1014	0	COB-ID	32bit	0x80+module-	R
		EMCY	unsigned	ID	

Structure:

Bit 31	Bit 1130	Bit 010
0(valid) / 1(invalid)	0 Reserved	COB-ID

7.2.15 Inhibit Time Emergency Object

This object indicates time have to be elapsed before sending another Emergency (minutes).

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1015	0	Inhibit Time	16bit	0	R/W
		EMCY	unsigned		

7.2.16 Producer Heartbeat Time

This object contains time between two Heartbeat messages (milliseconds). If it's equal to 0, no Heartbeat is sent.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1017	0	Producer	16bit	0	R/W
		Heartbeat Time	unsigned		

7.2.17 Identity Object

This object specifies device and manufacturer.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1018	0	Number of	Record 8bit	4	R
		entries	unsigned		
	1	Manufacturer ID	Record 32bit	PIX	R
			unsigned		
	2	Device	Record 32bit	260	R
		description	unsigned		
	3	Revision number	Record 32bit	-	R
			unsigned		
	4	Serial number	Record 32bit	-	R
			unsigned		

7.2.18 Error Behaviour

This object specifies into which states modules changes in case of communication error.

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Default	R/W
0x1029	0	Number of entries	Array 8bit	1	R
		(1)	unsigned		
	1	Communication	Array 8bit	0	R/W
		error	unsigned		

Structure:

Communication error	Action
0	Change into status PRE-OPERATIONAL (only
	if actual status were OPERATIONAL)
1	No status change
2	Change into status STOPPED

7.2.19 Receive PDO Communication Parameter

This object set communication parameters of Rx PDO supported. Default COB-ID of PDO is set by DS301 standard.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1400	0	Number of entries	Record 8bit unsigned	2	R
	1	COB-ID used by PDO1	Record 32bit unsigned	0x1400 0x200 + Module- ID	R/W
	2	Transmission type	Record 8bit unsigned	255	R/W

COB-ID Structure:

Bit 31	Bit 30	Bit 2911	Bit 010
0(valid) / 1(invalid)	0(RTR allowed) /	0 Reserved	COB-ID
	1(RTR not allowed)		

Digital and Analogue inputs are transmitted as Change Of Value (COV). Type of transmission depending upon set transmission type and it's explained in the following table (RTR = Remote Transmission Request received):

Trans-	PDO transmission
mission	57
type	

	cyclic	acyclic	synchro	asynchro	RTR only	TxPDO	RxPDO
			-nous	-nous		(inputs)	(outputs)
0		Х	Х			If COV is transmitted with each SYNC	Set outputs after each SYNC as requested by last PDO received
1240	Х		X			Transmissio n with each i SYNC (i = 1240)	Set outputs after each SYNC as requested by last PDO received
241251				Reserve	ed	•	
252			Х		Х	Data is read again with a SYNC, but not sent, request via RTR	Not supported
253				Х	Х	Request via RTR	COV
254				Х		COV	COV
255			_	Х		cov	cov

7.2.20 Receive PDO Mapping Parameter

This object defines data transmitted by PDO. Subindex 0 contains number of objects valid for PDO.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1600	0	Number of	Record 8bit	-	R/W
		entries	unsigned		
	12	PDO mapping	Record 32bit	-	R/W
		object _i (i=1,2)	unsigned		

Object_i structure:

Bit 1631	Bit 815	Bit 07
Index	Subindex	Object size

Index: object index to be transmitted

Subindex: object subindex to be transmitted

Object size: object size in bits (no more than 2 bytes can be transmitted

in a PDO, so sum of valid object lengths have not to exceed 16

7.2.21 Transmit PDO Communication Parameter

This object set communication parameters of Tx PDO supported. Default COB-ID of PDO is set by DS301 standard.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1800	0	Number of entries	Record 8bit unsigned	5	R
	1	COB-ID used by PDO1	Record 32bit unsigned	0x1800 0x180 + Module- ID	R/W
	2	Transmission type	Record 8bit unsigned	255	R/W
	3	Inhibit Time	Record 16bit unsigned	0	R/W
	5	Event Timer	Record 16bit unsigned	0	R/W

COB-ID Structure:

Bit 31	Bit 30	Bit 2911	Bit 010
0(valid) / 1(invalid)	0(RTR allowed) /	0 Reserved	COB-ID
	1(RTR not allowed)		

Digital and Analogue inputs are transmitted as Change Of Value (COV). Type of transmission depending upon set transmission type and it's explained in the following table:

Trans-	PDO transmission
mission	
type	

1	ovolio	covolio	ov mobro	oo mobro	DTD only	Typpo	DyDDO
	cyclic	acyclic	synchro	asynchro	RTR only	TxPDO	RxPDO
			-nous	-nous		(inputs)	(outputs)
0		X	X			If COV is transmitted with each SYNC	Set outputs after each SYNC as requested by last PDO received
1240	X		X			Transmissio n with each i SYNC (i = 1240)	Set outputs after each SYNC as requested by last PDO received
241251				Reserve	ed		
252			Х		Х	Data is read again with a SYNC, but not sent, request via RTR	Not supported
253				Х	Х	Request via RTR	COV
254	_			Х		COV	COV
255				X		COV	COV

Inhibit Time is minimum time between two consecutive PDOs with same COB-ID (unit time 100? sec).

Event Timer defines time after the elapsed of a sent PDO, even if no change of data has occured (millisecond). It can be used only for transmission types 254 and 255.

7.2.22 Transmit PDO Mapping

This object defines data transmitted by PDO. Subindex 0 contains number of objects valid for PDO.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x1A00	0	Number of	Record 8bit	-	R/W
		entries	unsigned		
	18	PDO mapping	Record 32bit	-	R/W
		object _i (i=18)	unsigned		

Object_i structure:

Bit 1631	Bit 815	Bit 07
Index	Subindex	Object size

Index: object index to be transmitted

Subindex: object subindex to be transmitted

Object size: object size in bits (no more than 8 bytes can be transmitted

in a PDO, so sum of valid object lengths have not to exceed 64

7.3 Manufacturer Specific Parameter Area MCM260-1/2/3/4AD

The following table shows all Pixsys specific parameters objects supported:

N.B. ALL = All devices

 I_IO = Input devices (MCM260-2AD), Input/Output devices (MCM260-3AD)

Index	Name	Туре	Device Type	R/W
0x2000	Device specification	Array 16bit signed	ALL	R/W
0x2100	Encoder counter	Array 32bit signed	I_IO	R/W
0x2101	Preset encoder	Record 32bit signed	I_IO	R/W
0x2102	Encoder Command Preset	Array 8bit unsigned	I_IO	R/W
0x2103	Encoder type	Array 8bit unsigned	I_IO	R/W

0x2104	Encoder speed (0.1msec)	Record 16bit signed	I_IO	R
0x2105	Encoder speed (1sec)	Record 16bit signed	I_IO	R
0x2200	Proximity counter	Record 32bit unsigned	I_IO	R/W
0x2201	Preset proximity	Array 32bit unsigned	I_IO	R/W
0x2202	Proximity Command Preset	Array 8bit unsigned	I_IO	R/W
0x2203	Timer ON proximity	Record 16bit unsigned	I_IO	R
0x2204	Proximity speed (0.1msec)	Record 16bit unsigned	I_IO	R
0x2205	Proximity speed (1sec)	Record 16bit unsigned	I_IO	R

7.3.1 Device Specification

This object defines most important device configuration parameters: baud rate, node-ID offset multiplier (read only), boot-up time, device status after boot-up, filters of digital inputs and Pixsys pre-load parameters.

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Default	R/W
0x2000	0	Number of	Array	10	R
		entries	16bit		
			signed		
	1	Baud rate	Array	6 (1Mbps)	R
		MCM260	16bit		
			signed		
	2	Node-ID offset	Array	0	R/W
		multiplier	16bit		
			signed		
	3	Boot-up time	Array	50	R/W
			16bit	(1=10msec)	
			signed		

4	CANopen state after boot-up	Array 16bit signed	0x7F (Pre- Operational)	R/W
5	Filter digital inputs	Array 16bit signed	1	R/W
6	Pre-load Pixsys parameters	Array 16bit signed	0	R/W
710	Reserved			

Baud rate specifications: this is a read-only object. It can be only modified by rotary switch in start-up mode (when device is powered-on with rotary switch in position 0)

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Values	Baud rate
0x2000	1	Baud rate MCM260	Array 16bit	0	50 Kbit/sec
		IVICIVIZOU	signed	1	62.5 Kbit/sec
				2	100 Kbit/sec
				3	125 Kbit/sec
				4	250 Kbit/sec
				5	500 Kbit/sec
				6	1 Mbit/sec

Node-ID offset multiplier specifications: this object defines node-ID offset multiplier of device. If Index 0x2000 Subindex1 = 3, node-ID offset of device will be 3x15 = 45. This value has to be added to number specified by rotary switch position (when device has be powered-on in a position not equal to 0). If rotary switch position in Operational mode is 8, total node-ID CANopen address will be 45+8 = 53.

It's possible to connect up to 120 modules in a MCM260 CANopen network (offset multiplier up to 105, rotary switch up to 0xF = 15, 105+15 = 120).

Node-ID = $(N-1) \times 15 + M$,

where $\mathbf{N} = 0x2000$ Subindex 2, $\mathbf{M} = \text{rotary switch position (not 0)}$

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Values	Offset
0x2000	2	Node-ID	Array	0	Offset 0
		offset	16bit		Index 115
		multiplier	signed	1	Offset 1
					Index 1630
				2	Offset 2
					Index 3145
				3	Offset 3
					Index 4660
				4	Offset 4
					Index 6175
				5	Offset 5
					Index 7690
				6	Offset 6
					Index 91105
				7	Offset 7
					Index 106120

Boot-up time specifications: this object defines how long is boot-up time (unit is 10msec)

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Values	Time
0x2000	3	Boot-up	Array	10100	100msec1sec
		Time	16bit		
			signed		

CANopen state after boot-up specifications: CANopen standard defines that once boot-up is finished, device changes automatically into Pre-Operational status. This is default configuration (0x7F), but it's possible to change into other status:

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Values	Status
0x2000	4	CANopen state	,	0	Boot-up
		after	16bit - signed	4	Stopped
·	•	boot-up	•	•	

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	5	Operational
	0x7F	Pre-Operational

Filter digital input specifications: this object defines average number of circular filter for digital input. Filter is timed, its unit is 500? sec.

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Values	Comment
0x2000	5	Filter digital inputs	Array 16bit	120	120 averages
			signed		

Pre-load Pixsys parameters specifications: this object defines if device has to pre-load default CANopen parameters (0x2000, Subindex6 = 0) or default Pixsys parameters (0x2000, Subindex6 = 0x100)

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Values	Coment
0x2000	6	Pre-load	Array	0	Pre-load
		Pixsys	16bit		CANopen
		parameters	signed		standard
					parameters
				0x100	Pre-load Pixsys
					parameters

7.3.2 Encoder counter

This object contains countings number of mono/bidirectional encoder eventually connected to MCM260 (phase A connected to DI8, phase B connected to DI7)

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Default	R/W
0x2100	0	Number of	Array 8bit	1	R
		entries	signed		
	1	Encoder counter	Array	0	R
			32bit		
			signed		

7.3.3 Preset encoder

This object contains preset value of encoder eventually connected to MCM260. This is the value which has to be loaded to encoder counter object (0x2100, Subindex1) in the event of a preset command (see paragraph 7.3.4)

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x2101	0 Number of		Record 8bit	1	R
		entries	signed		
	1	Preset encoder	Record 32bit	0	R/W
			signed		

7.3.4 Encoder command preset

This object contains command to load preset value (0x2101, Subindex1) into encoder counter object (0x2100, Subindex1). There are two way to load preset encoder value:

- ? Preset value is loaded on encoder counter object when value 1 is written on 0x2102, Subindex1 (at the same time)
- ? Preset value is loaded on encoder counter object when zero impulse (DI1) is active if value 1 is written on 0x2102, Subindex1

In both cases, 0x2102 is reset to 0 after preset value has been loaded into encoder counter object.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x2102	0 Number of		Array 8bit	1	R
		entries	unsigned		
	1	Encoder	Array 8bit	0	R/W
		command preset	unsigned		

Structure:

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Values	Comment
0x2102	1	Encoder command	Array 8bit unsigned	0	No preset is loaded
		preset	unsigned	1	Preset value loaded simultaneously
			66		

		2	Preset value
			loaded when
			DI1=1 (zero
			impulse)

7.3.5 Encoder type

This object defines which type of encoder is connected: 1 means bidirectional encoder, 2 means mono-directional encoder.

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Default	R/W
0x2103	0	Number of entries	Array 8bit signed	1	R
	1	Encoder type	Array 8bit signed	0	R/W

7.3.6 Encoder speed

These two objects, 0x2104 and 0x2105 give information about encoder speed. The first one, 0x2104, contains speed encoder in 100?sec untis, the second one, 0x2105, in second units.

Index	Subindex	Name	Name Type		R/W
0x2104	0	Number of	Record	1	R
		entries	8bit		
			signed		
	1	Encoder speed	Record	0	R
		(100?sec)	16bit		
		,	signed		

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x2105	0	Number of	Record	1	R
		entries	8bit		
			signed		
	1	Encoder speed	Record	0	R
		(1sec)	16bit		
			signed		

7.3.7 Proximity counter

This object contains countings number of proximities eventually connected to MCM260 (proximity 1 to DI5, proximity 2 to DI6).

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x2200	0	Number of entries	Record 8bit signed	2	R
	1	Proximity 1 counter	Record 32bit unsigned	0	R/W
	2	Proximity 2 counter	Record 32bit unsigned	0	R/W

7.3.8 Preset proximity

This object contains preset value of proximities eventually connected to MCM260. This is the value which has to be loaded to proximity counter object (0x2200, Sub-index 1 and 2) in the event of a preset command (see paragraph 7.3.7)

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x2201	0	Number of entries			R
	1	Preset Proximity 1	Record 32bit unsigned	0	R/W
	2	Preset Proximity 2	Record 32bit unsigned	0	R/W

7.3.9 Proximity command preset

This object contains command to load preset value (0x2201, Subindex1 and 2) into proximity counter objects (0x2200, Sub-index 1 and 2). Preset value is loaded on proximity counter objects when value 1 is written on 0x2202, Sub-index 1 or 2 (at the same time). This object is always reset to 0 after preset value has been loaded into proximity

counter object.

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Default	R/W
0x2202	0	Number of	Array 8bit	2	R
		entries	signed		
	1	Proximity 1	Array 8bit	0	R/W
		command preset	unsigned		
	2	Proximity 2	Array 8bit	0	R/W
		command preset	unsigned		

7.3.10 Timer ON proximity

This object shows last active time of proximities (time ON, unit is 500? sec). It's a read-only object.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x2203	0	Number of	Record 8bit	2	R
		entries	signed		
	1	Timer ON	Record 16bit	0	R
		Proximity 1	unsigned		
	2	Timer ON	Record 16bit	0	R
		Proximity 2	unsigned		

7.3.11 Proximity speed

These two objects, 0x2204 and 0x2205, give information about proximity speed. The first one, 0x2104, contains speed proximity in 100? sec units, the second one, 0x2105, in second units.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x2104	0	Number of	Record	1	R
		entries	8bit		
			signed		

1	Proximity 1 speed (100?sec)	Record 16bit unsigned	0	R
2	Proximity 2 speed (100?sec)	Record 16bit unsigned	0	R

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x2105	0	Number of entries	Record 8bit signed	1	R
	1	Proximity 1 speed (1sec)	Record 16bit unsigned	0	R
	2	Proximity 2 speed (1sec)	Record 16bit unsigned	0	R

7.4 Manufacturer Specific Parameter Area – MCM260-5AD

The following table shows all Pixsys specific parameters objects supported:

Index	Nome	Tipo	R/W
0x2000	Device specification	Array 16bit signed	R/W
0x4000	Al1 parameters	Array 16bit signed	R/W
0x4001	Al2 parameters	Array 16bit signed	R/W
0x4002	Al3 parameters	Array 16bit signed	R/W
0x4003	Al4 parameters	Array 16bit signed	R/W
0x4100	Analogue inputs parameters	Array 16bit signed	R/W
0x5000	AO1 parameters	Array 16bit signed	R/W
0x5001	AO2 parameters	Array 16bit signed	R/W

7.4.1 Device Specification

This object defines most important device configuration parameters: baud rate, node-ID offset multiplier (read only), boot-up time, device status

after boot-up, filters of digital inputs and Pixsys pre-load parameters.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x2000	0	Number of	Array 16bit	10	R
		entries	signed		
	1	Baud rate	Array 16bit	6 (1Mbps)	R
		MCM260	signed		
	2	Node-ID offset	Array 16bit	0	R/W
		multiplier	signed		
	3	Boot-up time	Array 16bit	50	R/W
			signed	(1=10msec)	
	4	CANopen state	Array 16bit	0x7F (Pre-	R/W
		after boot-up	signed	Operational)	
	5	Pre-load Pixsys	Array 16bit	0	R/W
		parameters	signed		
	610	Reserved		·	R/W

Baud rate specifications: this is a read-only object. It can be only modified by rotary switch in start-up mode (when device is powered-on with rotary switch in position 0)

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Values	Baud rate
0x2000	1	Baud rate	Array	0	50 Kbit/sec
		MCM260	16bit	1	62.5 Kbit/sec
			signed	2	100 Kbit/sec
				3	125 Kbit/sec
				4	250 Kbit/sec
				5	500 Kbit/sec
				6	1 Mbit/sec

Node-ID offset multiplier specifications: this object defines node-ID offset multiplier of device. If Index 0x2000 Subindex1 = 3, node-ID offset of device will be 3x15 = 45. This value has to be added to number specified by rotary switch position (when device has be powered-on in a position not equal to 0). If rotary switch position in Operational mode is 8, total node-ID CANopen address will be 45+8 = 53.

It's possible to connect up to 120 modules in a MCM260 CANopen network (offset multiplier up to 105, rotary switch up to 0xF = 15, 105+15

= 120).

Node-ID = $(N-1) \times 15 + M$,

where $\mathbf{N} = 0x2000$ Subindex 2, $\mathbf{M} = \text{rotary switch position (not 0)}$

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Values	Offset
0x2000	2	Node-ID	Array	0	Offset 0
		offset	16bit		Index 115
		multiplier	signed	1	Offset 1
					Index 1630
				2	Offset 2
					Index 3145
				3	Offset 3
					Index 4660
				4	Offset 4
					Index 6175
				5	Offset 5
					Index 7690
				6	Offset 6
					Index 91105
				7	Offset 7
					Index 106120

Boot-up time specifications: this object defines how long is boot-up time (unit is 10msec)

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Values	Time
0x2000	3	Boot-up	Array	10100	100msec1sec
		Time	16bit		
			signed		

CANopen state after boot-up specifications: CANopen standard defines that once boot-up is finished, device changes automatically into Pre-Operational status. This is default configuration (0x7F), but it's possible to change into other status:

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Values	Status
0x2000	4	CANopen	Array	0	Boot-up
I		state	16bit		
		after	signed		
		boot-up	72		

		4	Stopped
		5	Operational
		0x7F	Pre-Operational

Pre-load Pixsys parameters specifications: this object defines if device has to pre-load default CANopen parameters (0x2000, Subindex6 = 0) or default Pixsys parameters (0x2000, Subindex6 = 0x100)

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Values	Comment
0x2000	5	Pre-load	Array	0	Pre-load
		Pixsys	16bit		CANopen
		parameters	signed		standard
					parameters
				0x100	Pre-load Pixsys
					parameters

7.4.2 Al1, Al2, Al3, Al4 parameters

This object contains the parameters for each analog input (Index 0x4000 for AI1, Index 0x4001 for AI2, Index 4002 for AI3, Index 4003 for AI4I).

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x4000	0	Number of	Array 16	20	R/W
0x4001		Sub-index	bit signed		
0x4002	1	Selection of	Array 16	0	R/W
0x4003		sensor	bit signed		
	2	Lower limit for	Array 16	0	R/W
		linear signals	bit signed		
	3	Upper limit for	Array 16	0x7FFF	R/W
		linear signals	bit signed		
	4	Offset calibration	Array 16	0	R/W
			bit signed		
	5	Gain calibration	Array 16	0	R/W
			bit signed		
	6	Software filter	Array 16	5	R/W
			bit signed		

7	Select type of degrees	Array 16 bit signed	0	R/W
820	Reserved	Array 16 bit signed	0	R/W

Specifiche selezione sensore: Questo oggetto definisce il tipo di sensore da collegare all'ingresso.

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Value	Baud rate
0x4000	1	Selection	Array	0	Desabled
0x4001 0x4002		of sensor	16bit signed	1	thermocouple K (-2601360°C)
0x4003				2	thermocouple S (-401760°C)
				3	thermocouple R (-401760°C)
				4	thermocouple J (-2001200°C)
				5	PT100 (-200600°C)
				6	PT100 (-200140°C)
				7	NI100 (-60180°C)
				8	NTC 10K (?3435K) (-40125°C)
				9	PTC 1K (-50150°C)
				10	PTC500 (-100600°C)
				11	PTC1000 (-100600°C)
				12	Input 010V
				13	Input 020mA
				14	Input 420mA

		15	Input 040mV
		16	Potentiometer max. 6KOhm
		17	Potentiometer max. 150KOhm

Specifications for lower limit of linear signals: this object defines the minimum value of input if it is selected for linear signals.

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Range
0x4000	2	Lower	Array	-3276832767 unit
0x4001		limit for	16bit	
0x4002		linear	signed	
0x4003		signals		

Specifications for upper limit of linear signals: this object defines the maximum value of input if it is selected for linear signals.

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Range
0x4000	3	Upper	Array	-3276832767 unit
0x4001		limit for	16bit	
0x4002		linear	signed	
0x4003		signals		

Offset calibration of input: this number is added or deducted to/from value of input reading (process value)

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Range
0x4000	4	Offset	Array	-10001000 unit
0x4001		calibration	16bit	
0x4002			signed	
0x4003				

Gain calibration of input: this number is multiplied for value of input reading (process value)

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Range
0x4000	5	Offset	Array	-10001000 unit
		calibration	16bit	

0x4001	signed	
0x4002		
0x4003		

Software filter:

Number of means to calculate the value of input (to stabilize the value)

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Range
0x4000	6	Software	Array	110 means
0x4001		filter	16bit	
0x4002			signed	
0x4003				

Type of degrees: type of degrees for temperature sensors

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Values	Comments
0x4000	7	Select type	Array	0	Celsius
0x4001		of degrees	16bit	1	Fahrenheit
0x4002			signed		
0x4003					

7.4.3 Analogue Inputs Parameters

This object contains the parameters which are common to analog inputs

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x4100	0	Numer of Sub- index	Array 16bit signed	2	R
	1	Sampling frequency AI1 and AI2	Array 16bit signed	7	R/W
	2	Sampling frequency AI3 and AI4	Array 16bit signed	7	R/W

Sampling frequency for analog inputs: (subindex 1 for Al1 and Al2; subindex 2 for Al3 and Al4)

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Value	Baud rate
0x4100	1	Sampling	Array	0	242 HZ
	2	frequency	16bit	1	123 HZ
			signed	2	62 HZ
				3	50 HZ
				4	39 HZ
				5	33.2 HZ
				6	19.6 HZ
				7	16.7 HZ
				8	12.5 HZ
				9	10 HZ
				10	8.33 HZ
				11	6.25 HZ
				12	4.17 HZ

7.4.4 AO1 AO2 Parameters

Configuration parameters for each analog output (Index 0x5000 for AO1, Index 0x5001 for AO2).

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Default	R/W
0x5000	0	Number of	Array 16	10	R/W
0x5001		Sub-index	bit signed		
	1	Select type of	Array 16	0	R/W
		output	bit signed		
	2	Lower limit	Array 16	0	R/W
			bit signed		
	3	Upper limit	Array 16	0x7FFF	R/W
			bit signed		
	410	Reserved	Array 16	0	R/W
			bit signed		

Specifications for type of analog output:

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Values	Comments
0x5000	1	Type of	Array	0	010V
0x5001		output	16bit	1	420mA
			signed		

Lower limit analog output

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Range
0x5000	2	Lower	Array	-3276832767 unit
0x5001		limit	16bit	
			signed	

Upper limit analog output

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Range
0x5000	3	Uper limit	Array	-3276832767 unit
0x5001			16bit	
			signed	

7.5 Standard Device Profile Area

The following table shows all the supported standard device profile objects:

N.B. ALL = All devices

O_IO = Output devices (MCM260-1AD), Input/Output devices (MCM260-3AD, MCM260-4AD)

 $I_IO = Input devices (MCM260-2AD), Input/Output devices (MCM260-3AD, MCM260-4AD)$

IN_AN = Input devices (**MCM260-2AD**), Analogue Input/Output devices (**MCM260-5AD**)

AN = Analogue Input/Output devices (**MCM260-5AD**)

Index	Name	Туре	Device Type	R/W
0x6000	Digital Input	Array 8bit unsigned	I_IO	R

0x6005	Global Interrupt Enable Digital 8bit	8bit unsigned	I_IO	R/W
0x6006	Interrupt Mask Any Change 8bit	Array 8bit unsigned	I_IO	R/W
0x6007	Interrupt Mask Low-to-High 8bit	Array 8bit unsigned	I_IO	R/w
0x6008	Interrupt Mask High-to-Low 8bit	Array 8bit unsigned	I_IO	R/W
0x6200	Digital Output	Array 8bit unsigned	0_10	R/W
0x6206	Digital Output Error Mode	Array 8bit unsigned	0_10	R/W
0x6207	Digital Output Error Value	Array 8bit unsigned	0_10	R/W
0x6401	Read Analogue input 16bit	Array 16bit unsigned	IN_AN	R
0x6411	Analogue output 16bit	Array 16bit unsigned	AN	R/W
0x6421	Analogue input Trigger Selection	Array 8bit unsigned	IN_AN	R/W
0x6423	Analogue input Global Interrupt Selection	Boolean	IN_AN	R/W
0x6424	Analogue input Interrupt Upper Limit Integer	Array 16bit unsigned	IN_AN	R/W
0x6425	Analogue input Interrupt Lower Limit Integer	Array 16bit unsigned	IN_AN	R/W
0x6426	Analogue input Interrupt Delta Unsigned	Array 16bit unsigned	IN_AN	R/W
0x6427	Analogue input Negative Delta Unsigned	Array 16bit unsigned	IN_AN	R/W

0x6428 Analogue input	Array 16bit	IN_AN	R/W
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	Positive Delta	unsigned		
	Unsigned			
0x6443	Analogue output	Array 16bit	AN	R/W
	Error Mode	unsigned		
0x6444	Analogue output	Array 16bit	AN	R/W
	Error Value	unsigned		
0x67F	Error Behaviour	Array 8bit unsigned	ALL	R/W
Е				

7.5.1 Digital Input

This object contains data of digital input modules. Subindex 1 the first 8 digital input channels, subindex 2 the second block.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x6000	0	Number of	Array 8bit	-	R
		entries	unsigned		
	1	1 st input block	Array 8bit		R
			unsigned		
	2	2 nd input block	Array 8bit	-	R
			unsigned		

7.5.2 Global Interrupt Enable Digital 8bit

This object allows digital input transmission by PDO. If value is 1, transmission is generally released and it's regulated by objects 0x6006, 0x6007, 0x6008 and type of PDO transmission. If value is 0, digital input isn't transmitted.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x6005	0	Global Interrupt Enable Digital 8bit	8bit unsigned	1	R/W

7.5.3 Interrupt Mask Any Change 8bit

This object is used to define digital input channel, which will send its data in a event of a change (Global Interrupt has to be enabled, 0x6005=1).

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Default	R/W
0x6006	0	Number of entries	Array 8bit unsigned	2	R
	1	1 st input block	Array 8bit unsigned	255	R/W
	2	2 nd input block	Array 8bit unsigned	255	R/W

bi	0	Transmission channel, blocked in a event of a change
	1	Transmission channel _i released in a event of a change

Example: if Subindex 0 = 1, Subindex $1 = 57 = 0x41 = 00111001_2$ means that channel 1, 4, 5 and 6 will transmit their data in the event of a change.

7.5.4 Interrupt Mask Low-to-High 8bit

This object defines which digital input channel will send its data in a event of a positive transition (Global Interrupt has to be enabled, 0x6005=1).

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Default	R/W
0x6007	0	Number of entries	Array 8bit	-	R
			unsigned		
	1	1 st input block	Array 8bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		
	2	2 nd input block	Array 8bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		

b _i	0	Transmission channel, blocked with a positive transition
	1	Transmission channel, released with a positive
		transition

Example: if 0x6006, Subindex 0 = 1, Subindex 1 = 57 = 0x41 = 1

 $00111001_2 0x6007$, Subindex 0 = 1, Subindex $1 = 11 = 0xB = 00001011_2$ means that channel 1, 4, 5 and 6 will transmit their data in the event of a change, while channel 2 will only transmit with a positive transition.

7.5.5 Interrupt Mask High-to-Low 8bit

This object defines which digital input channel will send its data in a event of a negative transition (Global Interrupt has to be enabled, 0x6005=1).

Index	Subindex	Name	Type	Default	R/W
0x6008	0	Number of entries	Array 8bit	-	R
			unsigned		
	1	1 st input block	Array 8bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		
	2	2 nd input block	Array 8bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		

b _i	0	Transmission channel _i blocked with a negative transition
	1	Transmission channel, released with a negative transition

Example: if 0x6006, Subindex 0 = 1, Subindex $1 = 57 = 0x41 = 00111001_2 0x6007$, Subindex 0 = 1, Subindex $1 = 11 = 0xB = 00001011_2$ means that channel 1, 4, 5 and 6 will transmit their data in the event of a change, while channel 2 will only transmit with a negative transition.

7.5.6 Digital Output

This object contains data of digital output modules. Subindex 1 contains the first 8 digital output channels, subindex 2 the second block.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x6200	0	Number of	Array 8bit	-	R
		entries	unsigned		
	1	1 st output block	Array 8bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		
	2	2 nd output block	Array 8bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		

7.5.7 Error Mode Output 8bit

This object defines if output change to a pre-defined error status in a event of an error or not. If error is eliminated, outputs are maintained in their pre-defined error status.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x6206	0	Number of	Array 8bit	-	R
		entries	unsigned		
	1	1 st output block	Array 8bit	255	R/W
			unsigned		
	2	2 nd output block	Array 8bit	255	R/W
			unsigned		

b _i	0	Output channel, doesn't change in a event of an error
	1	Output channel, change to a pre-defined error

7.5.8 Error Value Output 8bit

This objects defines values outputs have to change to in a event of an error (corresponding bit in Error Mode Output has to be enabled, 0x6206).

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x6207	0	Number of	Array 8bit	-	R
		entries	unsigned		
	1	1 st output block	Array 8bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		
	2	2 nd output block	Array 8bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		

$\mathbf{b_{i}}$	0	Output channeli change to 0 in case of an error
	1	Output channel _i change to 1 in case of an error

Example: if 0x6206, Subindex 0 = 1, Subindex $1 = 57 = 0x41 = 00111001_2$ 0x62607, Subindex 0 = 1, Subindex $1 = 11 = 0xB = 00001011_2$ means that channels 1 and 4 are set to 1, channels 5 and 6 are set to 0, while all other output doesn't change in an event of an error.

7.5.9 Analogue Input 16bit

This object contains process data of Analogue input channels (MCM260-2AD, MCM260-5AD).

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x6401	0	Number of	Array 8bit	2 (-2AD)	R
		Analogue input	unsigned	4 (-5AD)	
		channels			
	1	1 st channel	Array 16bit	-	R
			unsigned		
	2	2 nd channel	Array 16bit	-	R
			unsigned		
	3	3 rd channel	Array 16bit	-	R
			unsigned		
	4	4 th channel	Array 16bit	-	R
			unsigned		

7.5.10 Analogue Output 16bit

This object contains the value of Analogue 16 bit output channels (MCM260-5AD).

Index	Subindex Name		Туре	Default	R/W
0x6401	0	Number of	Array 8bit	2	R
		Analogue output	unsigned		
		channels			
	1	1 st channel	Array 16bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		
	2	2 nd channel	Array 16bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		

7.5.11 Analogue Input Interrupt Trigger Selection

This object defines condition of transmission: when 1 is entered in object 0x6423, then transmission is released.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x6421	0	Number of Analogue input channels	Array 8bit unsigned	2 (-2AD) 4 (-5AD)	R
	1	Trigger 1 st channel	Array 8bit unsigned	7	R/W
	2	Trigger 2 nd channel	Array 8bit unsigned	7	R/W
	3	Trigger 3 rd channel	Array 8bit unsigned	7	R/W
	4	Trigger 4 th channel	Array 8bit unsigned	7	R/W

Sub-index structure:

Bit	Transmission conditions	Subindex configuration
0	Threshold value exceeded	0x6424
1	Threshold value fallen short	0x6425
2	Change of input value exceeding delta value for last transmission	0x6426
3	Reduction of input value by more than delta value for last transmission	0x6427
4	Increase of input value by more than delta value for last transmission	0x6428
57	Reserved	-

7.5.12 Analogue Input Global Interrupt Enable

This object is used to control Analogue input transmission by PDO. If its value is 1, transmission is released and it only depends on object 0x6421 and PDO transmission type. If value is 0, Analogue input transmission is not allowed.

Index Subindex Name	Type Default	R/W
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0x6423	0	Global	Interrupt	Boolean	0	R/W
		Enable Analogue input				
		16bit				

7.5.13 Analogue Input Interrupt Upper Limit Integer

This object allows a threshold value monitoring for Analogue input transmission. If it's configured in object 0x6423, transmission will take place if input value is ? threshold value when a trigger condition is set.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x6424	0	Number of	Array 8bit	2 (-2AD)	R
		Analogue input channels	unsigned	4 (-5AD)	
	1	Upper limit 1 st	Array 16bit	0	R/W
		channel	unsigned	_	
	2	Upper limit 2 nd channel	Array 16bit unsigned	0	R/W
	3	Upper limit 3 rd channel	Array 16bit unsigned	0	R/W
	4	Upper limit 4 th channel	Array 16bit unsigned	0	R/W

7.5.14 Analogue Input Interrupt Lower Limit Integer

This object allows a threshold value monitoring for Analogue input transmission. If it's configured in object 0x6423, transmission will take place if input value is ? threshold value when a trigger condition is set.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x6425		Number of Analogue input channels		2 (-2AD) 4 (-5AD)	R

1	Lower limit 1 st channel	Array 16bit unsigned	0	R/W
2	Lower limit 2 nd channel	Array 16bit unsigned	0	R/W
3	Lower limit 3 rd channel	Array 16bit unsigned	0	R/W
4	Lower limit 4 th channel	Array 16bit unsigned	0	R/W

7.5.15 Analogue Input Interrupt Delta Unsigned

If this object is allowed, it conditions actual Analogue input transmission with previously sent value. New value is transmitted only if it's larger than previously sent value + Delta, or if it's smaller than previously sent value - Delta.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x6426	0	Number of	Array 8bit	2 (-2AD)	R
		Analogue input	unsigned	4 (-5AD)	
		channels			
	1	Delta 1 st channel	Array 16bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		
	2	Delta 2 nd channel	Array 16bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		
	3	Delta 3 rd channel	Array 16bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		
	4	Delta 4 th channel	Array 16bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		

7.5.16 Analogue Input Interrupt Negative Delta Unsigned

If this object is allowed, it conditions actual Analogue input transmission with previously sent value. New value is transmitted only it's smaller than previously sent value – Delta.

Index Subindex Name	Type	Default	R/W
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0x6427	0	Number of Analogue input channels	Array 8bit unsigned	2 (-2AD) 4 (-5AD)	R
	1	Delta 1 st channel	unsigned	0	R/W
	2	Delta 2 nd channel	Array 16bit unsigned	0	R/W
	3	Delta 3 rd channel	Array 16bit unsigned	0	R/W
	4	Delta 4 th channel	Array 16bit unsigned	0	R/W

7.5.17 Analogue Input Interrupt Positive Delta Unsigned

If this object is allowed, it conditions actual Analogue input transmission with previously sent value. New value is transmitted only if it's larger than previously sent value + Delta.

Index	Subindex	Name	Туре	Default	R/W
0x6428	0	Number of	Array 8bit	2 (-2AD)	R
		Analogue input	unsigned	4 (-5AD)	
		channels			
	1	Delta 1 st channel	Array 16bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		
	2	Delta 2 nd channel	Array 16bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		
	3	Delta 3 rd channel	Array 16bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		
	4	Delta 4 th channel	Array 16bit	0	R/W
			unsigned		

7.5.18 Analogue Output Error Mode

This object defines if the output must assume a pre-selected state in case of error (see object 0x6444). If error is solved, the outputs will keep the pre-selected state.

Index Subindex Name Type Defau	It R/W
--------------------------------	--------

0x6443	0	Number of analogue output	Array 8bit unsigned	2	R
	1	Error Mode 1 st output	Array 8bit unsigned	1	R/W
	2	Error Mode 2 nd	Array 8bit	1	R/W
		output	unsigned		

b _i	0	Output state remains unchanged
	1	Output state changes in case of error

7.5.19 Analogue Output Error Value Integer

Value assumed by analog output in case of error. For this purpose the object 0x6443 must be set to 1.

Index	Subindex Name		Туре	Default	R/W
0x6444	0 Number of		Array 8bit	2	R
		analogue output	unsigned		
	1	Error Value 1 st	Array 16bit	0	R/W
		output	signed		
	2	Error Value 2 nd	Array 16bit	0	R/W
		output	signed		

7.5.20 Error Behaviour

This object has the same functionality of Error Behaviour 0x1029.

Index	Subindex Name		Туре	Default	R/W
0x67FE	0	Number of entries	Array 8bit	1	R
		(1)	unsigned		
	1	Communication	Array 8bit	0	R/W
		error	unsigned		

Structure:

Communication error	Action
	Change into status PRE-OPERATIONAL (only
	if actual status was OPERATIONAL)
1	No status change
2	Change into status STOPPED

7.6 PDO Transmission

Data transmission with PDO is only allowed in Operational status. When device changes its status into Operational, TX PDO is transmitted once with transmission type 254 and 255.

In order to prevent CAN bus overflow, default value for object 0x6423 is false, so Analogue changes aren't transmitted. To prevent overflow with 0x6423=true, a long Inhibit Time can be selected, or properly values for Threshold and Delta (0x6421...0x6428) can be set.

7.6.1 PDO Mapping

If stored customer specific configuration isn't used, object dictionary is assigned with default configuration according to standard device profile DS401 (see paragraph 6.1.5).

If device is in Pre-Operational status, its mapping can be modified via SDO.

7.7 SYNC Monitoring

In Operational status, if communication cycle period isn't equal to 0, monitoring is released with the first SYNC message.

If SYNC message isn't received within monitoring time (communication cycle period), a blink code is provided and status doesn't change. An emergency message (Error Code:0x8100, Error Register: 0x81, Additional Code 00 04 00 00 00) is sent. Failure of SYNC message will be displayed even if master provides a status change.

LEDs return to their normal operating status only after new SYNC message receipt in Operational status, and another emergency message is sent to show SYNC monitoring works correctly again (Error Code:0x0000, Error Register: 0x81, Additional Code 00 04 00 00 00).

7.8 Node Guarding

Node Guarding starts when the first remote transmit request message (RTR) is received on the COB-ID for Node Guarding (0x700+ Module-ID). If device doesn't receive corresponding message, Node Guarding isn't monitored. Default configuration provides Node Guarding is deactivated (Guard Time 0x100C=0, Life Time Factor 0x100D=0).

NMT master polls other devices at regular intervals, triggered by Guard Time 0x100C, and reply message contains device internal status.

In a event of an RTR request with Guard Time not set, Node Guarding isn't monitored, anyway device replies with its internal status.

Status codes:

CODE	STATUS
127	Pre-Operational
5	Operational
4	Stopped

If Node Guarding message isn't received within Life Time, a blink code is provided. An emergency message (Error Code:0x8130, Error Register: 0x11, Additional Code 00 04 00 00 00) is sent and device changes to pre-defined status according to object 0x67FE.

As soon as Node Guarding is restored, another emergency message is sent (Error Code:0x0000, Error Register: 0x11, Additional Code 00 04 00 00 00), and device status doesn't change.

<u>N.B.</u> It's only possible to use Node Guarding protocol or Heartbeat protocol.

7.9 Heartbeat Monitoring

Heartbeat generator cyclically provides a message (triggered by object 0x1017). During this time it transmits device status. Monitoring start when the first Heartbeat message occurs.

If corresponding Heartbeat message isn't received within time configured in object 0x1016, a blink code is provided. An emergency message (Error

Code:0x8130, Error Register: 0x11, Additional Code 00 05 JJ 00 00, where JJ is the node number which has triggered EMCY) is sent and device changes to pre-defined status according to object 0x67FE.

As soon as Heartbeat protocol is restored, another emergency message is sent (Error Code:0x0000, Error Register: 0x11, Additional Code 00 05 JJ 00 00) to display Heartbeat works correctly again, and device status doesn't change.

Heartbeat protocol is always used if (and only if) producer time is configured (0x1017).

7.10 Emergency

There are four type of event which provides emergency messages:

- ? Critical error situation occurred / overcome in the device
- ? Important information has to be communicated to other devices
- ? Restore from an error
- ? Power-on with loaded settings equal to default settings (when setting haven 't yet been saved or when saved settings were discarded by device)

Structure of emergency object are shown in the table below:

Error Code	Error Register	Additional Code	Meaning
0x0000	0x00	00 00 00 00 00	Pre-defined Error Field 0x1003
			Subindex0 set to 0 or all error
			are cleared
0x5000	0x81	00 01 00 00 00	Changed hardware configuration
			after power-on or reset node /
			communication
0x5000	0x81	00 02 00 00 00	Flash errors
			An error has occurred when
			configuration has been saved in
			flash memory
0x5000	0x81	00 03 AA BB CC	Programmed configuration
			doesn't coincide with actual one
			AA: physical module where error
			has occurred
			BB: logic module where error
			has occurred
			CC: Cause of error
0x5000	0x81	00 09 00 00 00	Queue overflow for emergency
			messages

0x8100	0x81	00 04 00 00 00	Time between two SYNC is longer than Communication Cycle Period
0x8110	0x11	00 01 00 00 00	Internal receive buffer overflow Status changes as defined in object 0x67FE
0x8110	0x11	00 02 00 00 00	Internal transmit buffer overflow Status changes as define din object 0x67FE
0x8120	0x11	00 03 00 00 00	CAN Controller in Error Passive Mode
0x8130	0x11	00 04 00 00 00	Time between two Node Guarding telegrams is greater than Guard Time x Life Time Factor
0x8130	0x11	00 05 DD 00 00	Time between two Heartbeat telegrams is greater than configured one DD: node has tripped time overflow
0x8210	0x81	00 05 EE FF GG	PDO was sent with a number of bytes smaller than configured one in communication profile PDO data is discarded EE: configured value FF: actual value, number of bytes sent GG: number of PDO
0x8220	0x81	00 06 HH II JJ	PDO was sent with a number of bytes larger than configured one in communication profile Only the first n data is used (n = total length configured in object dictionary) HH: configured value II: actual value, number of bytes sent JJ: number of PDO
0xFF00	0x81	00 06 KK 00 00	Module bus error Status is changed to Stopped PP: Module position

0xFF00	0x81	LL 07 MM NN PP	Diagnosis message LL: diagnosis byte MM: Module position NN: Error status and channel number PP: Number of actual module error
8 NOTE/	UPDATES		

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Software Rev. 1.1

2300.10.078-RevC

031108

2300.10.078-C